The *South-Carolina* GAZETTE.

[Numb. 1959.] MONDAY, JULY 5, 1773.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *T. POWELL* & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

☞ T. POWELL & Co. repeat their most grateful Respects to the Encouragers of this Gazette, and beg Leave to acquaint them, that ONE Year BECAME DUE the 1st of *May* last; and, as their small Demands lie in so many different Hands, that, unless they are also *supported*, by *regular annual Payments*, it will be impossible to continue their Business on the Plan of PUBLIC UTILITY—the Expence and Trouble attending which are great They therefore hope, that those of their Subscribers, as well in the Country as in Town, who have not yet attended to this, will make, or order, immediate Payment, and render any further Applications to them unnecessary.

New Advertisements.

JAMES OLIPHANT

Has received, by the CAROLINA, *Capt* BERNARD,

An Assortment of Jewellery;

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of Paste Shoe, Knee, and Stock Buckles; Pearl, Coque de Pearl, Paste, Garnet, Foil Stone, Bead, black, and Marcasite Ear-Rings, with Bows; Hair Sprigs, and Pins to suit; best Paste Stay Hooks, black Ditto, Ditto Breast Buttons; Finger-Rings, set with Diamond, Pearl, Marcasite, and Garnets; Garnet Lockets, plain Ditto; Paste and Garnet Necklaces; Cornelian and Crystal Seals in Gold, Silver and Pinchbeck; Gold and Silver Spangles, and Pearl, Broade Hatbands; spangled Loops and Buttons; Pocket-Books of all Sorts; Gold, Silver, and gilt headed Canes; Suple-Jacks and Rattans; Cane Strings; Silk Purses, Ditto wrought with Gold Thread; Temple Spectacles, and Concave Glasses, mounted with Silver, Tortoise-Shell and Horn; Paper and Tortoise-Shell Snuff-Boxes, Ditto inlaid, Ditto Toothpick Cases; Smelling Bottles, mounted with Gold, Silver and Metal; Gold Watch Chains, Steel Ditto; Tortoise Shell Combs, Nutmeg Grators, Thimbles, best Scales and Weights, for weighing Gold, Sets of Weights separate; Silver Shoe, Knee, and Stock-Buckles, plated Ditto, black Ditto, blue Ditto.

Silver mounted Cutteaux de Chasse, from £.17 to £ 40; plated Ditto; best Silk Buff and Morocco Belts; Knives and Forks, with spare Cases; plated Spurs; Glaziers Diamonds; fine Razors, Penknives, and Cases of Instruments for Cocking, with many other Articles, which he will sell on the most reasonable Terms for Cash or short Credit.

*** He gives the best Price for Gold, Silver, Jewels, and Lace, and continues to execute every Branch of the Jeweller and Goldsmiths Business as usual.

Old *Jamaica* RUM,

In Puncheons, Hogsheads & Porter Casks, fit for immediate Use.

Coffee, of an extraordinary good Quality,

In Bags, containing from 40 to 100 Pounds Weight.

A large Assortment of BAR IRON;

East-Coker, *Bridport* and *Kirkham* SAIL CLOTH;

Windsor CHAIRS, and *Philadelphia* superfine FLOUR,

To be SOLD,

By SHIRLEY & PRICE.

Who have also for Sale, a Quantity of SEWING TWINE, which they will dispose of CHEAP, to any Person taking the Whole.

THOMAS JERVEY

Has just imported, in the last Vessels from PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE Flour in Half Barrels and Kegs; Milk and Water Biscuit; best hard Soap in Boxes; Raisins and Starch, Chocolate and Mustard: Which, with *Jamaica*, *Windward Island*, and *Northward* RUM; old Brandy, Gin, and Cherry-Bounce; *Madera* Wine by the Quarter Pipe, Three Gallons, or Dozen; Loaf and brown Sugar; Bohea Tea and Coffee; and a few Firkins of good Butter, he will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, for CASH or short Credit.

*** He returns his sincere Thanks to his Friends and Customers for the Encouragement they have hitherto given him, and hopes for a Continuance of the same.

A Consignment of GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

WHITE and green Plains, striped Duffils, Flannels, *German* Serges, Broad Cloths, Whitneys, *Bath* Coating, embossed Serges, Hoes and Axes, Nails, Frying Pans, Saws; an Assortment of Ironmongery, Paints, Lead, Shot, Hats, Calamancoes, Shalloons, Cloaks, Cardinals, Guns, Earthen and Tin Ware, Saddlery, Pins, Breeches Patterns, Shoes, Pipes, Cards, Sieves, Pewter, Glass Ware, and Iron Pots,—just received from *London*, and never yet exposed for Sale, to be SOLD by the Package in Part, or the Whole, at *Cost* and *Charges*, by

SHIRLEY & PRICE.

Four Hundred Pounds Wages

WILL be given for an OVERSEER that understands the Business of BRICK MAKING and Burning.—None need apply but those who can bring with them a good Recommendation for the above Business. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay near the Exchange.

Wanted immediately,

A SCOONER for a Season,

To fetch Bricks Twenty Miles from Town.

GEORGE MULLINS,

Begs Leave to inform the Public in general, and his Friends in particular,

That he has just opened STORE,

Directly opposite to Messrs. Manfell & Corbett's,

In TRADD-STREET;

Where he intends keeping a very regular Supply of the following ARTICLES, viz.

Old Jamaica, West-India, and Northward

RUM;

London, New-York, & Carolina Madera

WINE, &c.

LIKEWISE,

BEST Port and Claret; Brandy, Gin, Cherry-Bounce, Arrack;
Cyder, Perry, Porter in Barrels and Bottles, with all other Sorts of Beer;
Molasses, Vinegar, &c. &c.
Cheshire, Gloucestershire, and Northward Cheese;
Chocolate and Coffee;
Bohea, Green and Hyson Tea;
Loaf and brown Sugars of all Qualities;
Soap, Candles, Oils, Pickles, Sweetmeats, &c.
Limes, Saltpetre, coarse and fine Salt;
Long and short Pipes;
Oronoko, Pigtail and Leaf Tobacco;
Northward and Carolina Flour;
Hair Powder, scented & plain;
Starch, Fig, and Powder Blue;
Spices of all Sorts;
Raisins, Currants, Pruens, and dryed Figs;
Water and Milk Biscuits, in Kegs;
Ship Biscuit and Pilot Ditto, in Barrels;
Hams, Tongues, smoaked Beef, &c.
Orange and Lime Juice;
With several other Articles, too numerous to insert.

Also, A small Assortment of coarse Dry Goods.

All which he will sell on as LOW Terms for CASH, or Three Months Credit, as any Store in this Province.—Those who please to favour him, may depend on being served in the most honourable Manner, and their Favours most gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. He will sell any of the above in any small Quantity that may best suit the Purchasers.

For LONDON,

(To sail the Tenth *Instant)*

THE

Snow NEMO,

Captain Thomas Goodwin.

For Freight, treat with

ROGER SMITH, or

ALEXANDER INGLIS.

For Philadelphia,

THE BRIG

FRIENDSHIP,

William Moore, Master.

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Speed.—For Freight or Passage apply to the said Master, or

Daniel & Isaac Bourdeaux.

☞ Flint Corn, Oats, Ship Bread, and superfine Flour, just arrived from PHILADELPHIA, in the FRIENDSHIP, to be sold reasonably. Apply as above.

JOHN BROWN

HAS removed his Dye-House next Door to Mr. JOHN HATFIELD's Tavern in *King-Street*, where he continues the SILK and WOOLLEN DYING BUSINESS, also Scouring of CLOATHS, having Conveniencies necessary for carrying on the same, and relies on his Friends and Customers for their future Favours.

N. B. He has engaged one of the best SILK DYERS in *Manchester*, who is expected to arrive here in the First Ship from *Liverpoole*.——As a Number of Cloaths have been left in the Dye-House for a considerable Time, he requests the Owners of them either to call or send for the same.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A TRACT of LAND, containing fifteen Hundred Acres, being a Moiety of a Tract of Three Thousand Acres, granted in the Year 1763, and is a *Carolina* Grant to *William Harvey*, Esq; situate on the South Side of the River *Alatamaha*, within a few Miles of *Darien*.—It contains a large Body of very valuable River-Tide Swamp, some back Swamp, and some very well-timbered Pine Land.

Also, A Tract of Five Hundred Acres, situate between the Rivers *Midway* and *New-Port*, on a Southern Branch of *Midway* River, granted in the Year 1756 to *Edmund Tannat*, Esq; deceased.—It contains a considerable Quantity of very good Swamp, some Oak and Hickory, and Pine Land, and would make an excellent Rice Plantation. Apply in *Charles-Town* to ALEXANDER ROSE, Esq; or Mr. ALEXANDER HOGG, or in *Savannah*, to JAMES HUME.

ALL those to whom the Estate of Doct. *Alexander Fitzgerald*, deceased, is any Ways indebted, are desired to deliver in their Accompts attested, to *Jacob Valk*; to whom likewise those indebted to the said Estate, are to make immediate Payment, Mr. *Valk* being properly authorised to settle the Affairs of this Estate, by me

JOSEPH DOBBINS, *Executor.*

ATKINS & WESTON

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A LARGE QUANTITY

OF

White and coloured Negro-Cloth,

AND

DUFFIL BLANKETS:

ALSO,

A Quantity of East Coker Sail-Cloth,

And a few Pair of Smiths Bellows, sorted Sizes.

*** To obtain the above Articles on the best Terms, no Pains have been spared; and they will be sold as cheap as can be afforded by any House in this Province.

ALEXANDER GILLON, & Co.

Have just imported from HOLLAND *and* ENGLAND,

A large Assortment of GOODS,

Which they will dispose of,

At their STORE in BROAD-STREET,

At their usual Advance of NINE for ONE;

Amongst them are the FOLLOWING,

A GREAT Variety of Damask and Diaper Tabling and Napkining of different Breadths, ditto Table Cloths and Napkins, Damask Clouting, *Holland*, *Flemish*, *Russia* and *Silesia* Shirting and Sheeting Linens of various Prices and Widths, Osnaburgs, striped Melland, best *Flanders* Bed Ticks, Bolting Cloths, *Russia* and *Flemish* Canvas and Ravens Duck, best *Dutch* Sail Twine, Shoe Thread and Spinnel; Linseed Oil by the Gallon and Cask, Quart, 1, 1 and Half, 2, and 3 Gallon Stone Jugs, brown, blue, and white Butter Pots, Chamber ditto, Quart and Pint Mugs, empty Casks from 4 to 36 Gallons, long Smoaking Pipes, with English Bowls, 4 Feet blue Mill-stones, Looking Glasses of different Sorts, Boxes of Marble Images, ditto of Childrens Tea Furniture, Fiddles and *German* Flutes, Ivory and Horn Combs, black Lead Pencils, best red and black *Dutch* Sealing Wax; black and plain coloured *India* Taffaties, and a Piece of handsome printed ditto; black, plain, coloured and striped *India* Persians, *English* ditto, Half Ell and Yard Wide white Sarsenet, A-la-mode, black, blue, crimson, and white flowered Satin, Ribbons, plain, figured, and Net Silk Gauze, plain and flowered Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, white and blue thread Pavilion Gauze, white Catgut, plain and sprigged Book and Jackonet Muslins, Thread Laces, and a few Sets of Calicoes, white Calicoes and Humnums; green Russel, and Bombazine, Womens black Silk and Leather Gloves and Mitts, Women and Childrens Stays, Womens black Satin Pumps, chip Hats, Fans, Diaper and *Holland* Tapes, sewing Silk, Threads, &c.

A few Pieces of superfine and second Broad Cloths, and Trimmings for ditto, Sagathies, dyed Jeans and Pillows, figured and corded Dimities, Nankeens, Men, Women and Childrens white and coloured Thread, Cotton, and Silk Hose, Cotton Counterpanes, Handkerchiefs, Linen and Cotton Checks, Furniture ditto, Matrasses, Bed Bunts, Men and Boys Leather Gloves, ditto's fashionable Beaver Hats, best *London* striped Duffils, japanned Tea Urns and Waiters, Copper Tea Kettles, Brass Candlesticks, Shoe Buckles, Faggots of Steel, Gun Powder, Shot and Bar Lead; a neat Assortment of Saddlery, Tin Ware, Ironmongery and Cutlery, Oakum, Corks, red Leather and Portmanteau Trunks, Wine Glasses, Tumblers and Decanters, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, and Sweet Oil, fine Hyson and Bohea Tea, and most other Articles, usually imported here.

A few Hogsheads of Tobacco, *Muscovado* Sugar, *West-India* and *Northward* Rum, also, a few Tons of Bar Iron, to be sold CHEAP.

Good BUTTTR in Firkins,

To be SOLD,

By SHIRLEY & PRICE.

On *Wednesday* the 18th of *August* next,

Will be SOLD,

For the Benefit of the CREDITORS of Mr. THOMAS PIKE,

All his Estate and Effects,

CONSISTING OF

Houshold Furniture, two valuable Negroes,

AND

Two HORSES;

Also, The valuable LOT on which he now resides, which is about 50 Feet Front and upwards, and 244 Feet deep, with all the Buildings thereon, viz. A convenient Tenement in Front, which letts for 100l. per Annum; a good and convenient House, which may be lett for 50l. per Ann. and the spacious Building lately erected, which has an Assembly Room 40 Feet by 80, two Drawing Rooms, and a Kitchen of 40 Feet by 20, the lower Part of which would make very large and valuable Stores; this Building is subject to an Incumbrance of a Night, for the Subscribers to use it once a Week, for Four Years to come. The Sale of the Furniture, &c. will begin at Nine o'Clock, and the Lot and Buildings at Twelve. The Conditions to be made known at the Time.

All Persons indebted to the said Mr. PIKE, are desired to pay their respective Debts immediately, to Mr. JACOB VALK, who we have duly authorised to receive the same; to whom likewise all those Mr. PIKE may be indebted, are desired to deliver in their Accounts.

ROBERT SMITH, } *Assignees.*
PHILIP HAWKINS, }

LONDON, APRIL 13.

HOWEVER we may lament the unhappy *divisions* in the City among the friends of the people (which is likely to be attended with the same ruinous effects to the *collective* body, as the dis-union in East-India matters has been to the Company) yet it is in vain, says a disinterested and unbiassed Liveryman, to wish for, or endeavour at, a reconciliation, while Mr. Horne is suffered to interfere with city politics. What a severe reflection, continues this correspondent, it is, for the Lord Mayor and Mr. Oliver to be advised, led, and indeed entirely directed, by this restless village curate!

The Sea-Horse man of war, Captain Paisley, from Antigua, with Colonel Dalrymple on board, arrived yesterday at Spithead; after which Captain Paisley and the Colonel set off directly for London, and arrived in town this morning.

APRIL 14.

The Speaker of the House of Commons having sent the Sheriff of Middlesex the following letter:

SIR, *From the House of Commons, April 7, 1773.*

I Am commanded by the House of Commons to acquaint you, that you are immediately, upon the receipt of this, to summon the representatives of your county, and boroughs within the same, to attend their service on Monday, the 26th day of this instant April, the House of Commons intending to proceed with the utmost severity against such of their Members as shall then neglect to attend the service of the house: And you are to give me an account of the receipt of this, and what you have done therein, upon pain of incurring the displeasure of the said house. I am, SIR, your humble Servant,

FLETCHER NORTON.

The Sheriff, in pursuance thereto, yesterday summoned the several representatives for London, Middlesex, and Westminster, and sent the following letter to the Speaker:

SIR,

IN pursuance of your direction to us, in the name of the House of Commons, we have given the proper notice to Sir Robert Ladbroke, Knt. the Right Hon. Thomas Harley, and Barlow Trecothick, Esq; representatives of London; — John Wilkes, Esq; and John Glynn, Esq; knights of the shire for the county of Middlesex; —and to Earl Percy, and Sir Robert Bernard, Bart. representatives of Westminster.

We have the honour to be, SIR,

Your most obedient, humble servants,

RICHARD OLIVER, } Sheriffs,
WATKIN LEWES, }

Letters from Franche Compte inform us, that the town of Rosiere in that province, has been entirely consumed by fire.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated April 9.

"We learn from Amsterdam, that proper persons are appointed, and are now actually employed, in settling the affairs of the house of Messrs. Clifford & Son, who failed some time ago. It appears that the passive debts of that house amount to 4,200,000 florins, and the active debts to no more than a quarter of that sum, 1,050,000 florins. It is said that the creditors have been offered 25 per cent. for their debts, but they have refused to accept it."

APRIL 16.

It is reported, that though no apparent depredations have been committed on Dantzick, yet the principal inhabitants, and a certain self interested hero, have interchanged such civilities as seem calculated to settle every thing there, to the Monarch's satisfaction.

doubt: The *manner* of doing it was [illegible] Lord Clive was the Plenipotentiary at the negotiation. "Our terms are these (says he to the Minister):—Here is a subscription;—so much for myself; so much for V——; so much for R——; so much for S——, &c. &c. the sum total of which makes a very handsome amount: Now, here it is at your service, provided you never mention a word about our villainies." "Sir, (replied the Minister, like a man of prudence) your terms are good, and I take them."

It is certain some new additions to the revenues are in close contemplation, but whether from domestic or foreign sources is not yet known, nor can indeed be easily conjectured, as we seem to have left little for augmentation in either case.

The number of ships, and their tonage, that sailed with passengers from the north of Ireland for North America, in the two last years, amounted to 62 ships, 17,350 tons. It may be supposed, on a moderate computation, that the number of passengers was equal to the tons. The greatest part of these emigrants paid their passage, which, at 3l. 10s. each, amounted to 60,725l. most of them people employed in the linen manufacture, or farmers, and of some property, which they turned into money, in evidence of this, it was computed, that one ship, last year, had no less than 4000l. in specie on board.

APRIL 19.

It is asserted that the French Ministry have proposed several regulations with respect to trade between England and France: Among others, that if the English legislature will admit the importation of cambricks, in the same manner as before the last act passed to prevent the importation of cambricks and French lawns, the French will allow the importation into France of all sorts of cutlery and Birmingham wares, by which some say England would be a great gainer.

They write from St. Malo's, that such vast quantities of American corn have arrived there lately, that the magistrates had put a stop to the importation on account of its draining away all the specie, the cargoes being paid for in coin.

The new King of Sardinia has issued an edict, whereby he dispenses with the oaths usual from the different towns and communities, &c. in his dominions, at the commencement of every reign; his Majesty declaring in the said edict, that it gave him more pleasure to place his confidence in the love, zeal, and fidelity of his subjects, than in the parade of a vain formality, or even on the testimony of an oath.

Lord Bellamont has very recently declined, in the politest manner, accepting the interest and good offices of his noble and generous antagonist at Court.

A correspondent would be glad to know, whether, in affairs between sect and sect, as between party and party, the Bishops in the House of Lords may not be considered as persons interested, and consequently their evidence or votes unconstitutional? and whether, in all cases relative to the secular rights of the Clergy, the Lords temporal have not a right to vote, exclusive of the Lords spiritual? and whether making ecclesiastical persons judges in their own cause, and allowing them to make laws for those of another communion, will not justify some transactions in Noll Cromwell's time? and should the tables turn, whether the Bishops would like to have thirty-nine Arian and Socinian articles crammed down their throats by a bench of Presbyterians?

OTRANTO, *March 19.* By accounts from Smyrna, Cara Osman Oglou, from whom the Porte had taken the government of that city, being summoned to Constantinople, has refused to go, and having heard that orders had been issued out to put him to death, he intends to declare himself an open enemy to the Porte, and act against it accordingly. His prudent and valiant behaviour has gained him the friendship of the Aga's and Hatchi's of Natolia and Turcomania, who are all ready to declare him their chief; by which means he is enabled to bring 60,000 men into the field, and if he should join himself to Aly Bey and Cheik Daher, the next accounts from Natolia may be of great importance.

PARIS, *April 9.* Our letters from Warsaw, of the 22d of March, contain the following interesting accounts:—"Every thing here is in the most embarrassing and uncertain situation. The same harmony does not prevail between the three united powers. The arrival of a certain General at Warsaw has given umbrage to one of the three powers which is using its utmost efforts to prevent the diettines being held, and is desirous that the general diet should not take place. It is even assured, that this power has declared to the King of Poland, by his Ambassador, that he is sensibly affected with the troubles of Poland; that the happiness of that kingdom was always his principal aim, though perhaps he had been mistaken in some measures he had used for that purpose; that, nevertheless, he was disposed to do every thing in his power to repair the misfortunes of that kingdom; that, in short, his advice to the Polish Ministry was, not to assemble the diet, if they had a mind to put a stop to the calamities of the republic."

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The marriage of the King of Sweden's brother, we are told, is by no means in the forwardness mentioned in the public prints; for that though it be true, the alliance between that Prince and a certain German house is the subject of almost universal conversation, the matter has never yet risen to a formal negociation.

The peculiar good understanding subsisting between two Northern Potentates, affords much matter for speculation on the continent; as it is notorious on one hand, that the rising hero has his private views in every step he takes, and the celebrated heroine her no less artful motives of conduct on the other.

Whatever truth there may be in the report of Lord Townshend's intended marriage, or his additional titles, we are assured no blue ribbon will be bestowed on him, his chapter of services having closed with his embarkation for this country.

APRIL 24.

It is said Lord Bellamont will, by order of his physicians, set out in a few days for the Pyrenean mountains, to drink the waters of Bareges, which are peculiarly excellent in the case of gun-shot wounds. When the late Lord Crawford was a volunteer in the service of the Emperor Charles IV. he received many desperate wounds at the battle of Oran, against the Turks, and languished several years in a hopeless condition, but was happily cured by the waters of that place.

Postscript to a letter lately received from Dublin: "A revolution is expected here daily; our Governor has found out the art of ingratiating himself into the favour of the Duke of Leinster, and two or three of his principal adherents, who are endeavouring to convert opposition, and create a union of parties, which will no doubt soon be followed by a union of nations."

By the last authentic letters from Copenhagen we learn, that the Queen Dowager's party have entirely lost all their influence. The King himself seemed rouzed from his lethargy, and appears now fully sensible that every charge exhibited against his consort, Matilda, and her supposed associates, was set on foot only to answer the political purposes of a party who act in confederacy with the King of Prussia. It is certain, that a marriage has been proposed to his Danish Majesty, at which he at first appeared by no means averse, but several circumstances having lately transpired, he now expresses his utter abhorrence of the measure, and has even intimated to his confidants something more than a wish that a reconciliation may take place between his consort and him. This has alarmed the Queen Dowager's party, who immediately notified to the Court of Berlin this alteration in his Majesty's sentiments, so unfavourable to [illegible] of the Prussian Monarch. What effect this will have, or how far the Prussian impediment to the political views of the Northern Machiavel, time only can discover.

By advices from Vienna we learn, that the Emperor is making preparations for a journey to Prague in Bohemia.

APRIL 26.

A correspondent observes, that Mr. Wilkes's conduct this day will stamp his character for public spirit, or damn him for ever as a Patriot. If in obedience to the Sheriffs summons he personally DEMANDS his seat in the House of Commons, he will act consistent with his former professions; if on the contrary he shrinks from his duty, it will be manifest, that through want of spirit he deserts the cause of the people in the trying hour, when his efforts might prove serviceable.

As Lord Tyrawley is now very old, it is said the second regiment of guards is intended for his *Excellency Gen. Dalrymple*, who *conquered* the island of St. Vincent in America.

The great oppressions the inhabitants of Bengal have laboured under from the rapacious officers of the Duans, and the destruction caused by the late famine, have almost depopulated that once flourishing province, the revenue of which, for these three years, has constantly fell short to the company.

A tradesman in the city of Colchester in Essex, who was to give up a certain lease when his mother was buried, has kept the good old gentlewoman in a leaden coffin above ground ever since her decease, which is now eight years, and has by that means continued in possession of the premises.

APRIL 27.

Summary of yesterday's proceedings in the House of Commons, relative to the Middlesex election

In obedience to the summons issued by the Sheriffs, Mr. Wilkes yesterday attended to take his seat in the House of Commons as member for Middlesex.

About a quarter after two o'clock, attended by a prodigious concourse of people, Mr. Wilkes reached the Parliament coffee-house, from whence he proceeded to the Court of Requests. A message was delivered to the Clerk of the Crown, acquainting him that "a member attended in order to be sworn." The Clerk, as his duty directed, demanded from Mr. Wilkes his certificate? Mr. Wilkes having none to produce, the Clerk of course politely declined proceeding any further in the business. Mr. Wilkes therefore begged him to take notice that he, as one of the members legally chosen for Middlesex, had applied to be sworn, and that the Clerk had refused to recognize him as member for the county aforesaid. Upon this refusal being notified to Serjeant Glynn, the Serjeant made a motion, that "Mr. Wilkes then attending should be called in for examination, and that if the complaint appeared well-grounded, the Clerk of the Crown should be proceeded against." This question being seconded, a short debate arose, and the House divided; the numbers on the division were as follows:

Against the Question — — —	224
For it — — — —	127
Majority on the side of the Ministry —	97

Whilst the members who divided in favour of Serjeant Glynn's motion were in the lobby, encouraged by the fulness of the House, and the numbers who rather unexpectedly joined them, they, after a short consultation, determined to take advantage of the favourable circumstance. Accordingly Sir George Saville was applied to, who readily agreed, that *then* was the proper time to renew his motion relative to the rights of election. Sir George therefore gave notice in the lobby, that the moment the division upon Serjeant Glynn's motion was finished, he should make another for "leave to bring in a bill to ascertain, amend, and regulate the rights of election."

The Serjeant's motion being determined in favour of the Ministry, Sir George Saville made his motion, and spoke to it with that energetic propriety, sterling sense, and manly feeling, for which Sir George is so eminently conspicuous, when any question which concerns the welfare of his country is under consideration.

Sir George had no sooner sat down, than Mr. Dowdeswell arose to second the motion, and gave such cogent reasons in favour of it, that little seemed left for even his party to advance.

Mr. Edmund Burke, however, who treats the most hackneyed subjects in a novel manner, urged the necessity of Sir George's motion from topics that would have struck conviction upon any but the most obdurate and case hardened ministerialist. He applied the case of Mr. Wilkes as an event in the womb of futurity, which might possibly happen to every member of the House of Commons; he stated the inconveniencies which had arisen, and those which would hereafter arise, unless the violated rights of election were restored to their pristine state of purity. Mr. Burke arraigned, in the most poignant terms, the conduct of the Ministry, and foretold, that, whatever might be the event of the division on the motion then before the House, there would come a time when those now in office would be reduced to their penitentials, for having turned a deaf ear to the voice of the people; they would, he said, yet have reason to execrate themselves for having ever dared to infringe upon the liberties, and sport with the laws, the franchises, and constitution of their country. Mr. Burke deviated a little from the subject before him, by touching upon the East-India Company's affairs, which, he said, were hastening to ruin ever since the Ministry had undertaken their preservation, for Mr. Burke strenuously contended that there never was a set of Ministers in this country who had so admirable a knack at making "bad" *worse*, as those who now thought themselves firmly seated on the Treasury Bench.

Besides Mr. Burke, Mr. Freeman, and several other members, spoke in favour of Sir George Saville's motion. Sir Joseph Mawbey warmly distinguished himself as a friend to the rights of election.

The question being called for, the House divided, when there appeared,

Against Sir George Saville's motion —	201
For the motion — — — —	151
Majority on the side of the Ministry, only —	50

Mr. Wedderburne, the present Solicitor General, to be the more conspicuous, was the second member who left the House in order to divide with the minority. Whether Mr. Wedderburne acted thus in conformity to his real opinion; whether he has grace enough left to think a preservation of consistency necessary; or whether, like my Lords the Bishops in the Upper House, he has a knack at scenting a change of weather in the political sky: which of these reasons induced Mr. Wedderburne to rank himself yesterday amongst the friends of freedom, let those best acquainted with the views and principles of that gentleman determine.

Amongst the numbers who composed the minority, the following gentlemen were discernible.

Lord George Germaine,	Mr. Wedderburne, Solicitor General,
Lord Edward Bentinck,	Colonel Barré,
Lord John Cavendish,	Governor Pownall,
Lord Clive,	Mr. Dempster,
Sir George Saville,	Mr. Edmund Burke,
Sir William Meredith,	Mr. William Burke,
Sir Harry Houghton,	Mr. Pulteney,
Sir Joseph Mawbey,	Mr. Gray,
The Lord Mayor of London,	Mr. Freeman,
Mr. Sheriff Oliver,	Mr. Preston,
Serjeant Glynn,	Mr. Owen,
Mr. Dunning,	&c. &c. &c.
Mr. Dowdeswell,	

Remarks. After the event of yesterday, it is highly probable the Minister will give up all hopes of another call of the House. Had he conceived that the Sheriffs would have summoned Mr. Wilkes, it is clear to demonstration that he never would have permitted the call of the House to have taken place; and even yesterday the premier's intentions were to let the order of the day stand over, take no notice of the Sheriffs summoning Mr. Wilkes, and proceed to the ordinary business; but Mr. Wilkes, by a spirited conduct highly praise-worthy, defeated that intention, and Sir George Saville by taking advantage of the call of the house, and introducing his motion with a critical propriety, struck a surprize upon the Ministry, and took the fair sense of the members upon a subject of infinite consequence to the people, the right of election.

To Lord North, therefore, we are indebted for more than a glimmering ray of comfort; his ministerial call of the House may serve to revive our drooping spirits, since we now know, that, with the sluices of the Treasury let open, a majority of *Fifty* only can be found degenerate enough to drench themselves in the waters, and be carried down the stream of corruption. If the friends of the people would but unite, act in concert, and with vigour, not the least doubt can remain but that they would drive a Ministry from the helm who have so long been odious, that their very names now stink in the nostrils of the people.

The castle and gardens of Montbrillant, at Hanover, are embellishing for the residence of the Queen of Denmark.

The French King, who has been for some time past in a very precarious state of health, has been advised by his physicians to go to Bareges to drink the waters.

News was lately received at Paris, that about two hundred of the natives of Corsica had formed themselves into a party, and had committed innumerable devastations in different parts of the island, besides exacting large contributions from the inhabitants of the neighbourhood of their retreat, which has proved inaccessible to all but themselves.

A letter from Canton, in China, informs, that a vessel lately sailed along the north-east coast of Tartary, and 70 degrees latitude landed several persons to make enquiry, that the natives very much resembled the Americans of Hudson's Bay in their features and complexion, and that their dialect was much like that of those of Labrador and about Quebec.

APRIL 28.

On Wednesday last two couriers arrived express, the one from Petersburgh, the other from Berlin; a cabinet council was immediately summoned, to take under consideration their dispatches, the contents of which proved of such a nature as to supersede the necessity of forming an alliance with France and Spain; and the public may rest assured, that on this account only all thoughts of an alliance so obnoxious to the people were laid aside.

When the Emperor of Germany, the Empress of Russia, and the King of Prussia, have finally adjusted their respective claims on the Polish territories, the remainder will be settled on the King of Poland; the form of government will be changed from an elective to an hereditary monarchy, the better to avoid in future those confusions which have hitherto always attended the elections of the Kings of Poland.

Some letters received at Paris from Madrid, mention that the Catholic King had made Prince Masserano his prime Minister.

APRIL 30.

The Mackrel, Captain Dorset, from Carolina to Cowes, foundred at sea the 4th instant. The crew were taken up by another ship, and carried into Lowestoffe.

Extract of a Letter from Petersburgh, April 20.

"It is a certain fact, that M. Obreschow has left Bucharest, and likewise, that the congress is really broke up ineffectually;

but it is doubtful whether the armiſtice is to be prolonged or not: The preparations, however, which are making by each power ſeem to indicate, a renewal of the war; nay, it is aſſerted here, that hoſtilities have really commenced between the Ruſſian and Turkiſh fleets in the Archipelago, and that the former have made ſome freſh deſcents in the Morea."

A correſpondent informs us, that the cauſe of breaking the congreſs at Bucharest proceeded entirely from the exorbitant demands of the Court of Ruſſia. The terms were:——The abſolute freedom of navigating the Black Sea, and all the Turkiſh part of the Mediterranean, with a free acceſs into all the ports for Ruſſian ſhips, even as far as Syria and Egypt:—That the Porte ſhall obtain from the Barbary States under their protection, the ſame privileges with themſelves, for the Ruſſian trade and ſhipping:—That the Crimea ſhall remain independent:—That the provinces to the Eaſt of the Danube with Belgrade ſhall be ceded to the Emperor:—And that in caſe of a refuſal upon that head, the Emperor will join his arms to thoſe of Ruſſia, to force the Porte to ſo EQUITABLE a peace.

MAY 1.

There was yeſterday a very reſpectable meeting of the Freeholders of Middleſex, at the aſſembly room at Mile-end, in in conſequence of an advertiſement from the Sheriffs.

Between twelve and one o'clock was heard the cry of "Chair, Chair;" when a diſpute aroſe concerning who was the moſt proper perſon to preſide, the Sheriff, or the member for the county. Mr. Sawbridge got up and informed the company, that it was uſual in all county meetings for the Sheriff to preſide; that it was not from any partiality to either of the gentlemen that he mentioned this, but that the proceedings of the meeting might go on in a regular manner.

To this Mr. Greaves anſwered, that it was not a general rule, for he had been preſent at ſeveral meetings in the county of York, and other places, where the Sheriff did not preſide. After much altercation it was agreed to divide, when it was carried by a great majority in favour of the repreſentative.

Mr. Wilkes (being the only repreſentative then preſent) accordingly took the chair. He firſt took occaſion to thank the freeholders for having ſupported him on all occaſions; and then informed them of the occaſion of their preſent meeting. He ſaid, beſides the meaſure that had been propoſed at a previous meeting, viz. the ſhortening the duration of Parliaments, that there were other meaſures equally neceſſary, particularly thoſe of excluding placemen and penſioners, and a more equal repreſentation of the people.

Mr. Sawbridge then expatiated on the violation of the right of election, and concluded with propoſing, That it is the ſenſe of the freeholders of Middleſex, that the only effectual means of obtaining redreſs for the violated right of election, is the obtaining annual, or if that cannot be, triennial Parliaments.

The word *only* was particularly objected to by Mr. Greaves, as the excluding placemen and an equal repreſentation were full as neceſſary; and propoſed an amendment; which was warmly ſeconded by Sir Watkin Lewes, Counſellor Darrel, and others.

To this Mr. Sawbridge replied, that he was fully ſatisfied there were other meaſures of great importance, but that on this the whole reſted, that attempting to do more at one time might be the cauſe of deſtroying the whole; and that if this was obtained, the reſt would follow of courſe.

He was anſwered by Sir Watkin Lewes, who ſaid, that if the addreſs was to be preferred to the Senate, it was more than they could expect; but as it depended on the people, they might as eaſily accompliſh all as one.

Mr. Horne attempted to ſpeak, but was accoſted with groans and hiſſes, notwithſtanding which he inſiſted on his right of giving his ſentiments as a freeholder, regardleſs of the reception he met with, and the inſinuations that had been dropped in the room of his having received ſomething from government. He ſaid that he had been formerly cloſetted with thoſe who had been thought friends to this country, and who had penſioned their preſent Chairman.

Here he was called to order, and received every mark of diſapprobation.

After much altercation, the reſolution, with the amendment, was carried almoſt unanimouſly.

The buſineſs being ſo far done, Mr. Greaves propoſed the chairman ſhould leave the chair, for one motion he had to make, and that Sir Watkin Lewes ſhould take it, which was complied with. Mr. Greaves then expatiated largely on the whole conduct of Mr. Wilkes ſince he firſt became a candidate for Middleſex, and obſerved his conduct laſt Monday was particularly deſerving their acknowlegment, and moved that the thanks of this meeting be given to him, which was carried unanimouſly.

Mr. Wilkes then re-aſſumed the chair; when Mr. Greaves read the following propoſals:

That the thanks of this meeting be given to their worthy member, John Glynn, Eſq; for his manly and ſpirited behaviour laſt Monday, and for every part of his conduct in Parliament.

That this meeting are determined to ſupport John Wilkes and John Glynn, Eſqrs. their preſent *legal* members, at the next general election. That the thanks of this meeting be given to Sir George Saville, Bart. for his upright conduct as a Senator.

To the reſt of the members who voted on the majority laſt Monday.

To John Sawbridge, Eſq; for his ſpirited reſolution in perſevering in bringing in the bill for ſhortening the duration of Parliaments.

To the Sheriffs, for directing the ſummons of the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to John Wilkes and John Glynn, Eſqrs; as legal members for Middleſex; and to John Wilkes, Eſq; for his conduct in the chair.

Mr. Serjeant Glynn arrived ſoon after the motion was carried for returning him thanks for his conduct in Parliament, when he returned them his thanks for their opinion of him, aſſured them of his reſolution to perſevere in their ſervice, and lamented that his ſtate of health diſabled him from exerting himſelf according to his wiſhes.

The Lord Mayor and Mr. Sheriff Oliver were alſo preſent at the above meeting.——The Lord Mayor went away ſoon after Mr. Wilkes took the chair.

A correſpondent obſerves, that a motion *ought* to have been made to return thanks to Mr. Horne, for attempting to *divide*, when it was intended to cement an union in the county of Middleſex.

There are at this time no leſs than eleven Pariſian Noblemen of the firſt rank now at the French Ambaſſador's, among whom is the Prince de Bourbon.

Yeſterday there was a great Levee at St. James's, but no Council; Lord Bellamont and Lord Townſend were at Court, and all former animoſities appeared to be buried between them.

MAY 3.

The Solicitor General is ſaid to be out of humour. To prevent his deſertion from the Miniſtry, the following law arrangements, it is reported, will ſhortly be made, viz. the Chancellor to retire upon a penſion; Chief Baron Smythe to be Chancellor; the Attorney General to be Chief Baron; and the Solicitor General to be Attorney General.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that the preſent Houſe of Commons will not ſit another Seſſions.

We are aſſured, that a late Viceroy was challenged, before he left [illegible] neighbouring kingdom, by a Captain of horſe, in conſequence of a political diſpute, which has not yet been ſettled, and [illegible] the public are likely to hear further.

It is reported that a challenge was given and accepted between two patriotic gentlemen on Friday, at the aſſembly-room at Mile-end.

Letters from Hamburgh ſay, that they are informed there, from good authority, that a congreſs is ſoon to be held at Dantzick, to which Deputies will be ſent from the Courts of Vienna, Peterſburgh, and London, who are to decide the diſputes between the King of Pruſſia and the Magiſtrates of that city.

The town of Laterkenny, in the county of Donnegal, in the kingdom of Ireland, will, as we are aſſured, be made a free port the commencement of the next ſeſſion of the Iriſh parliament.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, April 27.

"Since the arrival of a Courier from London, it is ſaid that only three ſhips of the line are to ſail for the Mediterranean, and that the reſt are to be kept in motion in order to exerciſe the mariners."

MAY 4.

The following detail of facts, from high and indiſputable authority, may ſerve in ſome meaſure to account for the political game now playing with ſuch dexterity by the different Potentates of Europe.

It is long ſince the King of Pruſſia formed a plan for the ſeizure and diviſion of Poland. The better to carry his ſcheme into execution, he entered into a ſecret alliance with Ruſſia; ſome faint overtures were made to the Emperor, who ſo far from acceding to the plan propoſed by Pruſſia, turned his eyes to the Court of Verſailles, marched a body of troops into Bohemia, and made an offer to aſſiſt France againſt the Ruſſians, if furniſhed with a certain number of men, or a ſubſidy adequate to their proviſion. A poſitive denial on the ſide of the Court of France gave ſuch umbrage to the Emperor, that in revenge he fell into the views of the Pruſſian Monarch, and bore a part in the Northern confederacy. France, thoroughly ſenſible of her miſtake in rejecting the Emperor's offer, now had recourſe to Spain for aſſiſtance; what belonged of right to the Emperor in Italy, was to be ſeized, and a fleet was to be ſent into the Archipelago to exterminate the Ruſſian ſquadron. The reſtoration of the French Levant trade, which has been almoſt deſtroyed during the ſquabbles between Ruſſia and the Porte, became alſo a conſiderable object to which the views of the French Miniſtry were directed. The Court of France all this time ſeemed to forget that the equipment of a maritime force would rouze the attention of the Britiſh Court; and the French Miniſtry acted as if they might ſend a fleet into the Mediterranean or wherever they pleaſed, without firſt aſking at leaſt permiſſion from the Court of Great-Britain. By a memorial delivered by Lord Stormont, our Ambaſſador at the Court of France, Louis however, and his cabinet junto, found themſelves miſtaken, and then it was that perceiving England likely to obſtruct the deſtination of the French fleet, then it was France firſt made overtures for an alliance, and formed the project for a triple junction of Great-Britain, France and Spain.

When at the commencement of the Germannic commotions, the Emperor firſt marched his troops into Bohemia, the King of Pruſſia, with great compoſure, ſaid, "I fancy the Emperor does not recollect that the air of Bohemia will prove fatal to his troops."

On Friday a bill to allow a drawback of the duties of cuſtoms, on the exportation of tea to any of his Majeſty's colonies or plantations in America; to increaſe the depoſit on bohea tea to be ſold at the India ſales; and to impower the Commiſſioners of the treaſury to grant licences to the Eaſt India Company, to export tea duty free, was read the firſt time, and ordered to be read a ſecond time.

PORTSMOUTH, *April* 30. Orders are come down to ſtop for the preſent, the preparations that were carrying on here with the utmoſt alacrity; notwithſtanding which, we are informed that a Fleet of 15 ſhips of the line, &c. will ſoon ſail up the Streights to obſerve the motions of the French and Spaniards, and another fleet will remain in the Channel.

LONDON, MAY 6.

Tueſday a motion was made, that ſome papers from the board of longitude might be read, which being complied with, another motion was made, that the remaining 10,000 l. might be granted Mr. Harriſon (for his time-keepers for aſcertaining the longitude) out of the ſupplies. After ſome debate, it was agreed the matter ſhould be laid before his Majeſty.

Tueſday being the adjourned day for a meeting of the creditors of Sir George Colebrooke, Meſſrs. Leſſingham and Binn, the Committee appointed at the General meeting of the 4th of April laſt, for inſpecting as well the accounts of the ſhop, as the ſtate and particulars of Sir George Colebrooke's ſeparate eſtate and effects, made their report, which being read, gave ſuch entire ſatisfaction to all the creditors preſent, that they unanimouſly recommended it to Sir George to venture upon his banking buſineſs forthwith, in the names of himſelf, and Meſſrs. Leſſingham and Binns, it clearly appearing, by the report of the ſaid Committee, and by the accounts produced, and laid before the Creditors at this meeting, that there is not only ſufficient to pay the creditors their full debts, with intereſt, but an overplus coming to Sir George, and his family, of at leaſt 190,000 l.

By advices from Morocco, we learn, that the Emperor's ſecond ſon had gone off with almoſt all his father's treaſures, and had retired into the country, at the head of a numerous body of rebels, and when the letters came away, the Emperor was preparing to follow him with a powerful army.

WARSAW, *(Poland) April* 14. It is reported of the Ruſſian General, Tottleben, who died lately here, that, when on his death-bed, he ſaid, "Two things afflict me; the firſt is, to die in my bed; the ſecond, that I cannot live long enough to receive from the Empreſs, my Sovereign, an anſwer to a memorial which I ſent her in behalf of the Republic of Poland."

LONDON, MAY 7.

A memorable æra is ſoon expected at Rome. The Pope is to make a general promotion of Cardinals, which is to be ſucceeded by the Pope's bull diſſolving the Jeſuits, and driving them from the territories of France, Spain, Portugal, and the Bourbon and eccleſiaſtic dominions. This will be followed by a publication of the general reconciliation of the Holy See with the Houſe of Bourbon, and the reſtitution of Benevento, Pontecorvo, Avignon, and Venaiſſin. Preparations are making already at Rome to celebrate theſe events.

A recent advice has confirmed the intelligence that the Emperor of Germany, with all the Princes of the empire, has conſented to the eſtabliſhment of the Society of Jeſus not only in Germany, but in all the Auſtrian dominions in Italy, &c. ſo that the Holy Fathers are likely to be as flouriſhing as ever they were.

The French Miniſtry have come to a reſoultion to recal all the Corſicans who keep themſelves ſequeſtered in the mountains, and who have not yet ſubmitted to France, by flattering them with a free pardon for rebellion, and with very lucrative immunities.

A letter from Hamburgh, dated April 26, ſays, "We are aſſured, that the affairs between the Courts of Peterſburgh and Copenhagen, concerning the Holſtein, are entirely regulated, and that a Miniſter of diſtinguiſhed rank is expected from Denmark to receive, in the King's name, the homage of one part of the Duchy."

Advices from the Lower Rhine inform that the principal cauſe of the rupture at Bucharest was, a demand which the Ruſſians made of the two ports of Kerche and Jenikale, from the ſea of Zabacha. This the Ottomans refuſed, becauſe theſe ports are of the utmoſt importance to them.

MAY 8.

Yeſterday a proclamation was publiſhed for revoking the proclamation of the 2nd of April laſt, for granting bounties to ſeamen and able bodied landmen for enliſting into the ſea ſervice.

An expreſs is ſent down to Portſmouth, &c. to put a ſtop to the armament, and the bounties for ſeamen and landmen are ordered to be diſcontinued.

The laſt letters from Dantzick declare, that the King of Pruſſia has laid a heavy impoſt upon all goods imported in that city and Pruſſian Poland from Great-Britain. A circumſtance that muſt conſiderably affect the commercial intereſt of this country.

Matters are ſaid to be in the moſt favourable train for amicably terminating the differences between the Courts of London and Berlin.

Letters from Warſaw, dated the 21ſt ult. adviſe, that the diet was opened, but the members were very outrageous; and that Podolia and Volhinia have, by a manifeſto, proteſted againſt all that ſhall be done. A new confederation has been entered into, which has been ſigned by numbers. Mean time, the foreign troops continue to block up Warſaw, and will not ſuffer any one to leave the place, till the diet ſettles matters to their ſatisfaction.

On Tueſday ſe'nnight a fire broke out in one of the caſerns without the city of Zutphen, in Holland, in which nine ſoldiers, a ſerjeant, and a child, were burnt to death, nine or ten more dangerouſly burnt, and of the whole company, which conſiſted of upwards of forty, only four or five men are fit for duty: all their baggage and arms were deſtroyed. Three of the burghers of Zutphen, who ran to the aſſiſtance of the ſoldiers, had the misfortune to be drowned.

Yeſterday died, at his houſe in Old Gravel Lane, Capt. Bayley, of the ſhip Pallas, in the South-Carolina trade.

BOSTON, JUNE 7.

FOR ſeveral days paſt ſome extraordinary diſcoveries have been talked of, which were expected to amaze the whole Province. Hints have been thrown out, that the characters of ſome men in power would appear infamous in the higheſt degree; all ſeemed to be a general ſurmiſe and expectation, until Wedneſday about eleven o'clock before noon, when the galleries in the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, were ordered to be cleared of all preſent. This confirmed the general opinion, and we are well informed, that very important matters will ſoon tranſpire; which will bring many *dark* things to *light*—gain many proſelytes to the cauſe of freedom—make tyrannical rulers tremble, and give occaſion for the whole people to bleſs the providence of God, who cauſeth the wicked man to fall into the pit he hath digged for another.

We learn, that the matters here alluded to, were a number of original letters, ſent to England by ſeveral great men in this province and returned here, which were laid before the honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, on the conſideration of which

Voted, That the tendency and deſign of ſaid letters was to ſubvert the conſtitution of this government, and to introduce arbitrary power into the province.—One hundred members preſent, five diſſentients.

The doors leading to the galleries in the houſe continued ſhut whilſt the letters were reading.

Laſt Thurſday his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I AM informed that certain private letters, ſaid to have been wrote by me to a gentleman in England lately deceaſed, were yeſterday laid before your Houſe, and that you have come into a reſolution or vote that they tend to ſubvert the conſtitution.

I never wrote any public or private letter with ſuch intention, and am not conſcious of any letter which can have ſuch an effect. Before you can take any further proceedings, I muſt deſire that a tranſcript of the proceedings of yeſterday be laid before me, and that I may be informed to what letters they refer, in order to my conſidering what ſteps are proper for me to take upon the occaſion. T. HUTCHINSON.

To which the Houſe on Saturday returned the following Anſwer.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

IN anſwer to your meſſage of the 3d of June, the Houſe of Repreſentatives have reſolved, that the dates of certain letters now before them, referred to in the meſſage thereon, as requeſted by your Excellency, be laid before you.

And as your Excellency has been pleaſed in your meſſage to ſay, that you have never wrote any public or private letter with an intention to ſubvert the conſtitution, it is the deſire of the Houſe, that your Excellency would be pleaſed to order, that copies be laid before us, of ſuch letters as your Excellency has written of thoſe dates, relating to the public affairs of this province, together with ſuch others as your Excellency ſhall think proper.

The agitation into which the late importation of *original letters* has thrown the Governor's few friends, is hardly to be imagined. How to combat them is a queſtion of as much difficulty as ever came into a cabinet. A denial of their being genuine, has been moſt ſtrenuouſly eſſayed, but that ſhift appears ſo wretched a retreat, that few ſeem fond of it.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 14.

Friday arrived the ſcooner Hope, Capt. Thomas Cunningham, in 14 days from St. Croix, who informs, that the day before he left that place, a ſnow arrived there from Copenhagen, the Captain of which gave information that eight ſail of French men of war of the line had entered the Sound, and paſſed Elſineur caſtle, without permiſſion, and without a gun being fired at them:—That the Commander of the French fleet applied to the Governor of the caſtle for leave to enter, and was returned for anſwer, he muſt wait to know the King's pleaſure, who was not above 15 miles diſtant:—He did not incline to wait, but entered by force, which had cauſed great uneaſineſs at Copenhagen.

Capt. Reſcot, in ſix weeks from Plymouth, arrived here laſt Wedneſday, with part of the Royal Welch Fuzileers; having parted from the other tranſports with the remainder of the regiment on board the 23d of May, in lat. 40, 53, and left the tranſports for Quebec ten days before.

Two more of the above tranſports arrived here laſt Saturday, with part of the ſaid regiment. There is one more which is not yet arrived.

On Tueſday the 8th inſtant, his Excellency General Gage, with his amiable Lady and family; alſo Major Sheriff, Capt. Kemble, Capt. Dobſon, Doctor Brown, and ſeveral other paſſengers embarked on board the ſhip Earl of Dunmore, Captain Effingham Lawrence; and the wind being fair, immediately ſailed for London. The General was attended by the principal officers of the army, to the water-ſide, at Murray's Wharf, near the Coffee-houſe, where a company of the Royal Artillery, under arms, waited his coming. As ſoon as the ſhip got under ſail, he was ſaluted by 19 diſcharges of two field pieces, belonging to the Artillery; and as he paſſed the battery by the like number from thence.

☞ A Supplement, with *New Advertiſements*, *Charles-Town News*, and *Marine Liſt*, will be publiſhed, next *Wedneſday* Morning.

BRIAN CAPE
HAS IMPORTED,
In the HEART-OF-OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *and the laſt Veſſels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,
A Variety of GOODS,
Suitable for the Summer Seaſon,
Which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his Store on the BAY, *near the* EXCHANGE,

FASHIONABLE Caſimirs, with ſuitable Trimmings; Princes Stuff; Serge-du-Roys; Silk Jeanets; neat pink and blue ſpotted Velverets; ſome faſhionable Silks; *Iriſh* Shirting and Sheeting Linens of all Prices; *Ruſſia* Drabs; a very large Variety of printed Linens and *India* Chints; Table Cloths; a great Variety of faſhionable Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs; figured and ſtriped Lawns, of all Prices; Lawn Aprons of various Fancies and Prices; elegant Suits of *Tambour* Aprons and Ruffles; *Tambour* Jackets, done in Gold with Spangles; flowered and plain Jackonet Muſlins, very cheap; a Variety of Cotton and Thread Hoſiery; a large Aſſortment of China, conſiſting of complete Sets of Table and Tea China; very neat and faſhionable Cups and Saucers, Plates, Bowls, ſome of which have China Covers; a large Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware, among which are, ſome very elegant cut Decanters, Wine and Jelly Glaſſes; a Cheſt of very fine Hyſon Tea, juſt opened, commonly called GUN-POWDER TEA, which is of a much finer Flavour than what is uſually imported, being deſigned for Home Conſumption:—A large Conſignment of the neweſt-faſhioned RIBBANDS, from a Manufactory in *Coventry*; which he will ſupply Houſes with, on as good Terms as they can be imported from *London*.

He has alſo for SALE,
By the Hogſhead or Quarter-Caſk, for *Caſh* or *ſhort Credit*,
A Quantity of fine Proof *Grenada* Rum;
ALSO,
A few Hogſheads of *Muſcovado* Sugar and Coffee.
N. B. Very neat SILK UMBRELLAS for Sale.

RICHARD MAGRATH,
CABINET-MAKER, in *King Street*,
Has to diſpoſe of, at private SALE,
The REMAINING PART
OF HIS
Large Aſſortment of Cabinet-Work;
CONSISTING OF

DESKS and Book-Caſes, Double Cheſts of Drawers, Sophas, French Chairs, and complete Bedſteads, which he will ſell for little more than PRIME COST, for *Caſh* or *ſhort Credit*.

The great Expence and Trouble he has been at in completeing ſo large an Aſſortment, was in Hopes of gaining ſome Credit with the Gentry of this Place—the Whole of the Articles being as completely finiſhed as any ever offered for ſale in this Province; but the very little Encouragement he met with at his public Sale, obliges him to advertiſe them again, and hopes thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who applied to purchaſe Goods before the Day of Sale, will now favour him with their Cuſtom; for his only Motive for not ſelling his Work by private Sale (though he is confident he could have ſold the Whole of it in that Manner) was his Determination of not diſappointing the Public by leſſening his Aſſortment; and as ſeveral of the principal Inhabitants of Charles-Town, know the above to be the real Truth, for he declared the ſame to them at the Time of his refuſing to ſell, he flatters himſelf they will do him the Juſtice to acknowledge that to be the Reaſon he gave for his Refuſal; he being determined, as he had advertiſed, that every Perſon ſhould have an equal Chance of purchaſing ſuch Articles as they might be in Want of—at the ſame Time hoping, that his Impartiality would in ſome Meaſure intitle him to the future Favours of the Public, to merit which he has, and (notwithſtanding his late Diſappointment) will ever exert his utmoſt Endeavours to give them Satisfaction.

McGOLPIN, Taylor,
Takes this Method of informing his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has juſt commenced Buſineſs on BURN's Wharf, directly oppoſite Mr. TUKE's Tavern. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who are pleas'd to favour him with their Orders, may depend on their being attended to with Care and Punctuality, and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

For SALE,

A HOUSE and LOT, in *George-Street*, *Anſonborough*, Forty-one Feet wide, and Two Hundred and Forty-two Feet deep, with every neceſſary Out-Building for a genteel Family, and a Well of exceeding good Water.—Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply, in *Union-Street-Continued*, to JOHN MATTHEWS.

Where the SHOE MAKING BUSINESS is carried on as uſual, and DRAWING BOOT-LEGS, of the beſt Quality, always ready.

N. B. He deſires thoſe whoſe Accounts have been long ſtanding, to diſcharge them immediately.

For SALE, by private Contract,
Purſuant to the laſt Will of Dr. THOMAS CAW, *deceaſed*,

HIS valuable PLANTATION, on *Santee* River, adjoining Lands of Colonel *Horry*, Mr. *Prioleau*, and Mr. *Dutarque*; containing One Thouſand and Seventy Acres:—Part of which is an Iſland of Seven Hundred and Thirty Acres of fine Rice Land, that does not require any Fencing, and of it about One Hundred and Fifty Acres are cleared; the Reſt of the Tract is good high Land, and the Whole ſo well known as not to need any further Deſcription. On the above Tract are, a good Dwelling-Houſe, a very large Barn, large Stores for Rice, very large and good Stables, an exceeding good Rice Machine, and a Grits Mill, with every other neceſſary Building.——Scooners that carry a Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Rice load cloſe to the Barn.

Alſo, Another Tract of LAND, on *Stephens's* Creek, a Branch of *Savannah* River, adjoining Lands of *John Murray*, Eſq; containing One Thouſand Acres, and is eſteemed as good as any Land in theſe Parts.

For the Terms of Sale, apply to
ROBERT PHILP,
JOHN DEAS, } *Executors.*

WAKEFIELD,
HAS IMPORTED,
In the laſt Veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,
A LARGE CARGO
OF
New-faſhioned GOODS,
VIZ.
LINEN DRAPERY,

IRISH Shirting and Sheeting Linens, of all Prices and Widths; printed Linens, Cottons, Calicoes, and Chintzes; Huckaback, Diaper, Damaſk, with Suits of Diaper and Damaſks, very elegant.

A large Aſſortment of cheap Muſlins, with Tambour and Minionet Suits, of all Prices.

A large Value of well choſen *Yorkſhire* Cloths, Shalloons, Tammies, Durants, Caſimirs, Whitneys, *Bath* Coating, Calamancoes, Serge de *Niſmes*, and Diaper Cover-Lids.

MANCHESTER GOODS,

Checks, Stripes, Loom Quilting; blue, white, crimſon, and black Velverets; ſuperfine ſtamped Velvets; Jeans, Dimities, 12-4th Cotton Counterpanes, and Toilet Cloths.

A large Value of HABERDASHERY,

With black, Blond, and Thread Laces and Edgings, of every Width; *Bruſſels* Lace; ſcarlet Cloaks; Modes, Sarſenet, Peelongs, Satins, Gauzes, Catgut; Perſian and Satin Coats; Cravats; Ladies Linen Gloves; Ermine; Satin Cardinals, with very elegant Hats and Cloaks, neatly finiſhed.

A Variety of faſhionable HATS,

Of the beſt Beaver, and Hunting Hats, *Newmarket* Faſhion; Children's Hats, plain and trimmed, with Ladies Riding Hats, more elegant than his laſt Importation, and very cheap.

A CONSIGNMENT of SILKS,

With Bombazine, Paduſoy, and Silk Waiſtcoats, Tambour trimmed, cheaper than any in this Province.

Amongſt his large ASSORTMENT,
ARE,

HANDSOME Toilet Glaſſes, japanned, with oval Frames; Tea-Cheſts; dreſſing and ſwinging Glaſſes; Shoes of every Kind; with Carpeting, Tin-Ware, Stationary, Pewtery, Turnery, Pipes, Violins, Cages, Ribands, Hoſiery, Perfumery, *&c. &c.*

IRONMONGERY of every Kind,

With a large Aſſortment of Cutlery, and almoſt every Article in the Saddlery Branch, Saddles, Boxes of Glaſs, red and white Lead, ſhort Pipes, Crates of Earthen and Queen's Ware, ſplit Peaſe, and Vinegar in Jugs; Beads, Iron Pots, Jugs of all Sizes, Steel; Loaf Sugar, ſingle and double refined; Oſnabrugs, and white Plains, with ſundry other Articles, imported to ſell by WHOLESALE and RETALE.

*** A Correſpondence being eſtabliſhed with the capital Houſes of the inland Manufactories, and purchaſed from thence upon the CHEAPEST TERMS, his Friends may be aſſured of always receiving their Goods of a good Quality, and CHEAP—being enabled to afford them on as LOW TERMS as any Store in CAROLINA.

THE Creditors of the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN MARLEY, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accompts; and thoſe indebted thereto, to make immediate Payment, to either of the Subſcribers, or Mr. GEORGE SHEED, in whoſe Hands the Books of Accompts are lodged.

GEORGE WOOD,
PETER BOQUET, jun. } *Executors.*
DANIEL CANNON,

To be SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in ANSONBOROUGH, pleaſantly ſituated on Two Streets, with Room enough for a large Garden, now occupied by Mr. *Sampſon Neyle*. Enquire of
JOHN SCOTT.

To be LET,

THE Southernmoſt Tenement of the Subſcriber's Brick Houſe, next to Mr. *Benjamin Mazyck's* in *King-Street* ——For further Particulars enquire of JOHN RUTLEDGE, Eſq; or FREDERICK GRIMKE.

To be SOLD by public Outcry,
At the VENDUE-HOUSE in *Charles-Town*,
On TUESDAY, JULY 13*th next*,
Preciſely at Twelve o'Clock at Noon,
The following Houſes and Lands,
In CHARLESTOWN, *aforeſaid*, viz.

NUMBER I. A Lot at the upper End of *King-Street*, containing Forty Feet in Front on the Broad Path, and Two Hundred Feet in Depth, on which are a good Dwelling-Houſe, Thirty-eight Feet by Eighteen, two Stories high, with a Piazza on one Side and one End, a good Kitchen, Chair-Houſe, Stable, and a Well of good Water.

No. II. A Lot containing Fifty Feet on *George-ſtreet*, *Anſonborough*, and Two Hundred and Forty Feet in Depth, on which are a good Dwelling-Houſe, Thirty-ſix Feet by Eighteen, Two Stories high, with a Piazza on one Side and one End, a good Kitchen, Chair-Houſe, Stable, and a Well of exceeding good Water.

No. III. A Lot adjoining the above, containing Forty five Feet in Front on *George-ſtreet* aforeſaid, and Two Hundred and Forty Feet in Depth, whereon are a ſmall Dwelling-Houſe, Chair-Houſe, &c.

The Premiſes may be viewed, and the Conditions of Sale known, by applying to the Subſcriber, who, having removed his Family from this Province ſome Time ſince, is deſirous of cloſing all his Concerns here, which is the only Reaſon of his offering the ſaid Lands for Sale.

JONATHAN BADGER.

Stopt on the 16*th of* May, *from a Negro*,

ONE long Plane, a Hand-Saw, a Hammer, a large broad Chiſſel, an Adze mark'd V. The Owner of the above Tools may have them again, on proving their Property, paying for advertiſing, and applying to
WALTER GREENLAND.

For SALE *by private Contract*,
The following Tracts of LAND,
In the Pariſh of ST. JAMES, Santee,

ONE Thouſand Acres well timbered with the beſt of Pine Trees, only One Mile from Mr. MOUZON's Landing, on the Sea Shore, where Boats of any Burthen may load, about Thirty five Miles from *Charles-Town* by Land or Water, which renders it particularly convenient for Lumber.

Six Hundred Acres, adjoining the above and Lands of Mr. NATHAN LEGARE, One Hundred of which is tolerable good Rice Land, ſome good Proviſion Land; the Remainder the beſt timbered with good Pine Trees of any Lands thereabouts.

Seven Hundred Acres, adjoining the above, One Hundred and Fifty of which is good Cypreſs and Tupelo Swamp. This Tract will make a valuable Settlement, being well adapted for Planting and Sawing, and is only Three Miles from a good Landing.

One Thouſand Five Hundred Acres, adjoining Lands of Mr. HORRY, and Mr. MAZYCK; moſt of this Tract is rich Rice Swamp, the Mold being Five or Six Feet deep before it gets to any bad Soil or Sand, which makes it of a very durable Nature, and is only Three Miles from the Sea Shore, where it may be eaſily drained into.

Alſo, His largeſt and valuable Plantation in *Prince Frederick's* Pariſh, adjoining MURRAY's Ferry, containing One Thouſand Seven Hundred Acres, Seven Hundred of which is Swamp, Five Hundred Acres of well timbered Oak and Hickory, and the Remainder Pine Lands. This Tract will be divided into Three ſmaller Ones, ſo as each Tract ſhall have an equal Quantity of Swamp.

They will be ſold reaſonable, and a very long Credit will be given, on giving approved Security, and paying the Intereſt annually.—Apply in CHARLES-TOWN, to
THEODORE GAILLARD.

WANTED to purchaſe,

A PLANTATION or Tract of Land, of good Oak and Hickery, fit for Corn and Indico, upon or near a River within Forty Miles of CHARLES-TOWN.

ALSO,

A Tract of Land conſiſting only of Pine barren, from Three to Five or Six Hundred Acres, within Twenty Miles of CHARLES-TOWN, upon or near a River.—Any Perſon that has ſuch Land to diſpoſe of, may apply to
JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD at private Sale,
Two healthy Negroes,

One of them is a very good Boat-Negro, and is handy at moſt Kinds of jobbing Work.—The other is a ſmart ſenſible Fellow, about Seventeen Years of Age, very ſober and honeſt, a tolerable good Cook, and very clever about a Houſe.—Neither of them is ſold for any Fault, but the Subſcriber is not in Want of them. Apply to
JONATHAN COOKE.

St. James's Pariſh, SANTEE, *May* 22, 1773.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all Perſons liable to work on the High Roads, &c. in this Pariſh, That they render an Account, upon Oath, of all their Male Slaves, from the Age of 16 to 60 Years, on or before the *Firſt Monday* in *Auguſt* next, to any of the Subſcribers, Commiſſioners for this Pariſh, otherwiſe Executions will be granted againſt every Defaulter, without Diſtinction.

PAUL DOUXSAINT,
DANIEL HORRY,
THOMAS HORRY,
JACOB MOTTE,
ELIAS BALL,
CAPERS BOONE,
LEWIS MILES,
RICHARD WITHERS,
JOHN DRAKE.

THE Creditors of the Eſtate of RICHARD BERESFORD, Eſq; deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accounts:—And thoſe indebted, to make Payment, to ALEXANDER GILLON.

SARAH BERESFORD, *Executrix.*
ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON, } *Executors.*

RUN-AWAY the Firſt Inſtant,
From the Subſcriber, in St. THOMAS's Pariſh,
A ſenſible Country born FELLOW,

Named BILLY, about five Feet five Inches high, Twenty-one Years of Age, and has a Scar over one of his Eyes.——A Reward of TEN POUNDS, with all reaſonable Charges will be paid to any Perſon that will deliver him to the Subſcriber, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe; and a further Reward of FIFTY POUNDS to any One that will give Information of his being harboured by a White Perſon, and TWENTY POUNDS if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender.

June 25, 1773. ANDREW DEVEAUX.

RUN AWAY,

The Beginning of March *laſt, from Major* PIERCE BUTLER's *Plantation, in Prince* William's *Pariſh*,
A New Negro Fellow, named *Johnny*,

Of the *Cambia* Country:—He is marked a little above his right Breaſt with the Letters P. B.——Any Perſon that will deliver him to Mr. JOSEPH ATKINSON, in *Charles-Town*, or to the Subſcriber, Overſeer on ſaid Plantation, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward, and all reaſonable Charges.

May 6, 1773. JAMES FRASER.

Charles Town, June 22, 1773.

I Have been informed of a Roan MARE, about fourteen Hands high, and near eight Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Rump with Something reſembling ▦.

Alſo, Of an old black Riding MARE, about thirteen Hands high, but has no viſible Brand. The Owners of the above Strays, may prove their Property before
THOMAS TURNER, J. P.

JAMES PRICHARD, Eſq; of the *Rocky Springs*, in *Orangeburgh* Diſtrict, informs me of a ſmall [illegible] Horſe which keeps about his Houſe, branded on the moſt [illegible] ſholder with Something a P, on the off Buttock TS in a [illegible] ſhoe, and on the off Cheek [illegible]. The Owner may prove his P[illegible]ty; [illegible]re
JOHN FAIRCH[illegible].

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1959.] MONDAY, JULY 5, 1773.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by T. POWELL & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

New Advertiſements.

To be SOLD,

On TUESDAY *the* 13*th of* JULY *Inſtant*,

A CARGO

OF

One Hundred & Twenty-five

NEGROES,

Juſt arrived in the Ship YORK, Captain ROBERT WILSON, directly from the GUINEA COAST.

JULY 5, 1773. *Robert, John, & J. Smyth.*

Charles-Town, July 5, 1773.

To be SOLD,

On TUESDAY *the* 13*th of* JULY *Inſtant*,

A CARGO

OF

One Hundred & Eighty

PRIME HEALTHY

NEGROES,

(Moſtly young ſtout MEN)

JUST arrived from GAMBIA in *Africa*, after a Paſſage of Thirty-three Days, in the Ship BETTY & JENNY, Captain ALEXANDER THOMSON.

JOHN SIMPSON, & Co.

CHEESE.

Double Glouceſter and Cheſhire,

Juſt arrived in Captain Arthar, *in the fineſt Order*;

ALSO,

A Parcel of *Italian* Chair-Harneſs, very neatly ornamented—a freſh Supply of exceeding cheap *Bridport* Sail-Duck, Firſt, Second, and Third Sorts.—A large Aſſortment of Nails—Paints—Window Glaſs—thin Mill Sheet Lead—Roll Brimſtone, with a Variety of other Goods, and to be ſold full as reaſonable, as at any Store in *Charles-Town*.

WILLIAM DOUGHTY.

A QUANTITY

OF

Beſt SILK UMBRELLOS,

To be SOLD cheap,

By HAWKINS, PETRIE, & Co.

BUSH & ELLIOTT,

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Part of their Negro-Cloth & Duffils;

ALSO,

4, 5, 6, 8, 10, and 20*d.* NAILS,

CLOUT and Spike Ditto of all Sizes; Cart Boxes, Iron Wedges, Ox Chains and Frying Pans.—A large Aſſortment of Glaſs, Stone, and Queen's Ware; Eaſt-Coker Canvas of the beſt Quality; Saddles and Bridles; Portmanteaux, and Mailpillions; White Lead, *Spaniſh* Brown, ground in Oil, Red Lead, and Yellow Oker; Loaf Sugar; long and ſhort Pipes; Beer, Perry, and Cyder.—Empty Bottles; Boxes of Glaſs, 12 by 10, and 10 by 8; *Dutch* and *Engliſh* Shoe Thread, Sail-Twine, Bed-Cords, and Fiſhing Lines; Grind and Quern Stones, and Iron Potts.

Which, with their GOODS on Hand, lately imported by the Captains COOMBES and WHITE, they will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, at their Store in *Broad-Street*, next to Meſſrs. ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE's.

London particular Madera WINE,

Of the Vintage 1771, and 1772.

London & Carolina Madera WINE,

BRISTOL BEER in Bottles,

AND A FEW

Firkins of very fine Iriſh ROSE BUTTER,

To be SOLD,

By GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL & Co.

To be SOLD,

Exceeding good Ship Bread,

At Five Pounds Fifteen Shillings per Hundred,

By RICHARD COLE.

WHEREAS, MARY, my Wife, hath eloped from me, I hereby give Notice to all whom it may concern, that I am determined not to pay any Debts contracted without a written Order from me; and all Perſons are likewiſe forwarned from harbouring or entertaining the ſaid MARY, for I am determined to proſecute the Offenders, with all the Severity the Law will admit of.

THOMAS WILLCOX.

The Delaware Lottery,

For raiſing the Sum of Five Thouſand Six Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds (or 25,000 Dollars) for the Uſe of the

COLLEGE of NEW-JERSEY,

THE

Preſbyterian Congregation at *Prince-Town*,

AND THE

United Preſbyterian Congregations

OF

NEWCASTLE and CHRISTIANA-BRIDGE.

The SCHEME.

1	Prize of	-	6000	Dollars,	is	6000 Dollars,
2	-	-	2000	-	are	4000
4	-	-	1000	-	are	4000
10	-	-	500	-	are	5000
20	-	-	200	-	are	4000
30	-	-	100	-	are	3000
60	-	-	50	-	are	3000
6960	-	-	10	-	are	69600
7087	Prizes.	First Ticket drawn, for the firſt twelve Days,			100	1200
12913	Blanks.	Laſt drawn,	-	-	-	200
		N. B. Theſe are not included in the Prizes numbered.				

20,000 Tickets, at *Five Dollars* each, are 100,000 Dollars,

Not two BLANKS to a PRIZE.

THE growing Importance of the College of NEW-JERSEY, (for the Uſe of which the above Lottery is principally deſigned) is now generally known through every Province of America. It has hitherto ſubſiſted, and been raiſed to its preſent Situation, entirely by the Favour of the Public. In the Centre of *North-America*, and in a pleaſant, healthy Country, it is well fitted for the moſt extenſive Uſefulneſs. The Succeſs which has attended the vigorous Efforts already made, to raiſe its Funds, and furniſh the Means of a complete and finiſhed Education, to all who are ſent to it, has encouraged thoſe concerned in the preſent Attempt; eſpecially as ſeveral very judicious Perſons have warmly recommended it, ſignifying their Surprize, that at a Time, when ſo many have taken this Method of promoting public Undertakings, a SEMINARY, of ſuch Importance, ſhould not alſo put in for a Share of the general Benevolence. This, added to the other Schemes for the Support and Improvement of the College, will afford ſo many Friends of that Inſtitution, an Opportunity of contributing with very little Riſk of loſing, and a conſiderable Chance of Gain to themſelves, who would not incline that the ſmall Sums they could ſpare, ſhould appear in a Subſcription Paper.

As a Number of Tickets are already engaged, and many Gentlemen of extenſive Acquaintance have intereſted themſelves in this Meaſure, the Drawing will commence the Firſt Week in *October* next, in the Town of *New-Caſtle* on *Delaware*, and a Liſt of the fortunate Numbers publiſhed, and ſent to the ſeveral Towns and Places where the Tickets may be ſold. The Prizes, after deducting Fifteen per Cent. for the Purpoſes of the Lottery, will be paid by the Gentlemen of whom they were purchaſed.

Orders for Tickets will be complied with, by applying to Richard Stockton, Jonathan Serjeant, Eſqrs. or Mr. Enos Kelſo, at *Prince-Town*; to William P. Smith, William Livingſton, or Robert Ogden, Eſqrs. at *Elizabeth-Town*, New-Jerſey; to Meſſrs. Broom and Co. at *New-York*; George Bryan, and Joſeph Read, Eſquires; Doctors William Shippen, John Redman, or Robert Harris, Meſſrs. Andrew Hodge, Gunning Bedford, William Henry, John Bayard, Iſaac Snowden, Jonathan B. Smith, William Semple, Robert Paiſley, or William and Thomas Bradford, of *Philadelphia*; Mr. David Walker, in *New-Port*, on Potowmack, Maryland; Mr. Archibald M'Call, in *Tappahannock*; Mr. John Talliaferre, in *Frederickſburg*; and Mr. William Holt, *Williamſburgh*, Virginia; or to the following Gentlemen, *viz.* George Monro, David Finney, John Thomſon, and Nicholas Vandyke, Eſqrs; Meſſrs. Samuel Paterſon, and David Clarke, in *New-Caſtle*, who are appointed Managers of ſaid Lottery, and will be on Oath, for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt, repoſed in them.

*** Letters directed to Meſſrs. *William & Thomas Bradford*, in *Philadelphia*, and left with T. POWELL, at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange, will be ſafely forwarded, and anſwered by the firſt Opportunity that offers after the Receipt of them.

For Philadelphia,

THE BRIG

Charles-Town Packet,

Samuel Wright, Maſter.

HAS genteel Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Speed.—For Freight or Paſſage apply to JAMES & NEILSON, JOSEPH ATKINSON, or ſaid Maſter on board, at *Rowand's* Wharf.

JAMES & NEILSON

Have imported in the CHARLES-TOWN PACKET, *Captain* WRIGHT, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

SUPERFINE Flour, in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs. *Hopkins's* Water and Butter Bread; Ditto Pilot and Ship Bread; Saltpetred Hams; Northward RUM; Spermaceti Candles; *Liſbon* Wine in Quarter Casks; ſweet Cyder; Flint Corn; Oats, and a few Round-top *Windſor* Chairs, &c. &c.

WANTED,

A ſober, honeſt, induſtrious Man,

That underſtands ſomething of Farming, agreeable to the Engliſh Syſtem, and to take Charge of a few Negroes.—Such a Perſon, bringing ſuitable Recommendations, will meet with due Encouragement. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 5.

THERE is ſcarce an *Impoſition* of any Kind, which the Defects or Inſufficiency of ſome of our Laws have left open to be practiſed with Impunity, to which *the Inhabitants of this Town* are not daily expoſed; eſpecially in Regard to thoſe *common Neceſſaries* of Life which the poorer Sort of People *muſt* have, for the Subſiſtence of themſelves and Families. The *laſt Winter* and *Spring*, BEEF has been ſold at the ENORMOUS Rate of 2*ſ.* 6*d.* to even 5*ſ.* a Pound, which *formerly*, and not many years ſince, uſed to be obtained at 10 to 13 *Pence*. The *preſent Seaſon*, it is ſold at 15 to 18 *Pence*; formerly the Price was 7 *Pence Half-Penny*.—Is it not a Matter worthy Parliamentary Enquiry, whence this Difference ariſes? and where the Remedy may be found? and, whether we may not in a very few years be obliged, merely for Want of ſome proper Regulation, to obtain our Proviſions from Ireland, as they do in the Weſt-India Iſlands?—The firſt Cauſe alledged for raiſing the Price of *Beef* ſo ſuddenly, to ſo enormous an Height, has been, that *thoſe Planters* who poſſeſſed large Stocks, had raiſed *their Prices*, which, upon Enquiry, we find not to be Fact; for the Gentleman who poſſeſſes perhaps the largeſt Stock now in the Province, has never *till now* raiſed the Price of his, and has been induced to do ſo, from obſerving the monſtrous Advantages taken by thoſe whom he ſupplied, on the mere Pretence above-mentioned; and that there muſt inevitably ſoon be a Scarcity, for Want of a Law to puniſh with Death, the killing and barrelling Beef, by the numerous Banditti that infeſt the Neighbourhood of the ſeveral Cowpens, who have already almoſt annihilated ſome entire Stocks.

A Contract has recently been entered into, between a Seller of Cattle, and a Killer of Beef, that the latter will take from the former every Steer that he ſhall deliver to him not under three Years old, at £.11 : 5*ſ.* and every Cow at £.12——and the Killer has contracted to ſupply his Cuſtomers with Beef ſo bought at Fifteen-Pence per Pound.

Ten Thouſand and Six Hundred Buſhels of Indian Corn have been imported here within Eight Days paſt, yet our own Folks, that ſupply the public Market, refuſe to take leſs than 6*ſ.* a Buſhel for theirs,—whilſt many of the Inhabitants of the back Country declare they could, and would be glad to ſell us the ſame Grain at 6*ſ.* 3*d.* to 7*ſ.* 6*d.* a Buſhel, and many other Articles in Proportion, if the Communications ſo often propoſed, between ſeveral conſiderale Rivers in this Province, were once opened, and thoſe Rivers cleared of Obſtructions—which it appears might be done at an Expence comparatively ſmall to the Advantages the Public in general would derive therefrom.

We hear that, in Order to remedy ſome of the enormous Evils and Grievances we are ſubject to, by this not being a Corporate City, a Number of independent, diſintereſted and patriotic Gentlemen, who are in the Commiſſion of the Peace, propoſe to aſſociate, to act and ſit, by Rotation, two every Week, as ſoon as Six or more can be got to join in this Meaſure; and that they propoſe to ſit every Day, in the large Hall over the Exchange, till the Town ſhall be incorporated.

The Drought that at preſent prevails in the Country, is ſo great, that in moſt ſettled Plantations, they are obliged to ſupply their Creatures with Water from their Pumps.——There has not been ſuch another dry Seaſon ſince the Year 1752.

To-morrow the General Aſſembly of this Province are to meet here, agreeable to their laſt Adjournment.

On Wedneſday laſt paſſed by this Bar, the Ship Sunbury, of and for Sunbury in Georgia, from Dominica.

The Ship Edward of Liverpoole, lately from Africa, John Grayſon, Maſter, after laying ſunk ſome days near the Hard at Trott's Point, was laſt Week weighed up again.

Laſt Saturday arrived here, in 32 Days from Falmouth, His Majeſty's Packet-Boat, Eagle, commanded by Capt. William Nicholls, with the Britiſh Mails.

By this Packet, it is confirmed, that the Right Hon. Lord Charles-Greville Montagu had reſigned this Government; and that the Right Hon. Lord William Campbell would be appointed thereto.

The Liberty, Churchill, for Georgia, did not ſail June 27th, as mentioned in our laſt, but the 28th Inſtant.

The Brigt. Neptune, of and for Plymouth, Thomas Holberton, which ſailed from this Port the 30th paſt, ſprung a Leak ſoon after, and this Day returned into the Harbour.

This Day died, ſuddenly, the Rev. Mr. Schwab, Rector of St. Andrew's Pariſh, very much regretted by all his Pariſhioners.

A few Days ſince alſo died, at James-Iſland, Mr. La Roux, a Swiſs Gentleman, who came to this Province about a Twelve-Month ago, in Order to ſettle here.

☞ Advertiſements *ſtill omitted, will be in our next.*

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

June	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
29*th.*	Sloop Tartar, Benjamin Money,	Providence
30*th.*	Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, S. Wright,	Philadelphia
July 1*ſt.*	Ship Carolina, John Bethard,	London
	Snow Nancy, Spence Young,	Briſtol
2*d.*	Ship Betty & Jenny, Alexander Thomſon,	Africa
	Ship St. Helena, George Arthar,	Briſtol
	Ship York, Robert Wilſon,	Africa
	Schooner Sylvia, William Hatch,	North-Carolina
	Schooner Mary, James Pearce,	Philadelphia
	Schooner Betty, Edward Leſlie,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Harriot, Samuel Dickenſon,	Grenada
	Sloop Experiment, Smith Freeman,	North-Carolina
	Sloop York, Francis Martin,	Virginia
3*d.*	*Snow Eagle (Packet) Capt. William Nicholls,*	Falmouth
	Brigt. Friendſhip, William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Schooner Naſſau, John M'Kenzie,	Providence
4*th.*	Brigt. Expedition, Michael Dove,	Africa
5*th.*	Brigt. Charming Betſy, Duncan M'Neill,	Hiſpaniola
	Brigt. America Planter, Robert Alexander,	Leith
	Brigt. Neptune, Thomas Holberton,	*(Pas-bark)*
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Bermuda

June	Sailed,	*For*
29*th.*	Snow Hope, George Holmes,	London
	Brigt. Neptune, William Thomſon,	Jamaica
	Schooner Ogeechie, Ichabod Higgins,	Georgia
	Schooner Mercury, John Sweeting,	Providence
	Schooner Rob, Peter Bathop,	Georgia
	Sloop Good-Intent, George Ball,	Providence

30th.	Brigt. Neptune, Thomas Holberton,	Plymouth
	Brigt. Stanley, John Abſon,	Lancaſter
	Scooner Patty, James Wallace,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Swift, John Shiells,	Gambia
July 1ſt.	Ship Bloſſom, William Briggs,	Liverpoole
	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Scooner Beggars Benifon, Jer. Dickenſon,	Georgia
	Scooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
	Scooner Sally, Stephen Seymour,	Georgia
	Scooner Adventure, Alexander Wylly,	Georgia
	Scooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Scooner Sally, John Roberts,	Beaufort
	Sloop Caſcarilla, Jeremiah Smith,	Hiſpaniola
	Sloop Diſpatch, Ephraim Gilbert,	Jamaica
	Sloop Jamaica Packet Nathaniel Dickinſon,	Bermuda
	Remain windbound or cleared.	For
	His Majeſty's Sloop Tamar, Capt. John Croſs,	Cape-Fear
	Ship Queen Charlotte, Hugh Roſe,	London
	Ship Meredith, David Wilſon,	Sierra Leon
	Ship Greyhound, Terence O'Neal,	Briſtol
	Ship Liberty, George Crump,	Philadelphia
	Snow Gambia, James Willis,	Briſtol
	Snow Africa, Gavin Fraſer,	Briſtol
	Brigt. Diligence Packet, Capt. Arthur Clark,	Jamaica
	Scooner St. Ann, David Fortune,	Jamaica
	Sloop Polly, Jaſon Cheſter,	New-London
	Sloop Tartar, Benjamin Mozey,	Providence
	Near ſailed, or may ſail betwixt this and our next.	
	Ship Thomas, Edward Lyon,	Liverpoole
	Ship Fanny, William Maine,	Newberry
	Ship Speedwell, John Sime,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, S. Wright,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Hazard, Joſeph Hughes,	Liverpoole
	Brigt. Friendſhip, Thomas Newell,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Friendſhip, William Moore,	Philadelphia
	Scooner John, Charles Dawſon,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Providence Packet, Wm. Chambers,	Providence
	Entered out beſides the above,	For
	Ship Maeſgwyn, Windſor Brown,	Briſtol
	Snow Venus, Thomas Goodwin,	London
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	His Majeſty's Frigate Lizard, Chas. Inglis, Eſq; Com.	
	Ship Edward, Henry Grayſon,	Liverpoole
	Brigt. Patience,	
	Brigt. Betſy-Hendy,	
	Scooner Liberty, Stephen Seymour,	
	Scooner Robert, Joſeph Veſey,	
	Scooner Betſy,	
	Arrivals from this Port.	At
	Ship Magna-Charta, Richard Maitland,	London
	Ship Liberty, John Laſley,	Briſtol
	Ship Juno, Joſeph Farrington,	London
	Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lunberry,	Briſtol
	Ship Peter & Ann, Thomas Blundell,	Goſport
	Ship Lord Dunluce, James Gilles,	Cowes
	Brigt. Suſannah, Henry Smith,	Exeter
	Brigt. Freemaſon, John Semple,	Milford

New Advertiſements.

JUST ARRIVED,

In the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

STRIPT DUFFILS,

AND

White and coloured PLAINS,

Of an exceeding good Quality,

To be SOLD remarkably CHEAP,

At our Store in JACKSONBURGH.

JOHN TUNNO & Comp.

MACKENZIE & TUNNO

Have imported by Captain ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Their ANNUAL SUPPLY

OF

White and coloured PLAINS;

Which they will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms,

At their COMPTING-HOUSE on the BAY.

Exceeding fine Red PORT,

Dry and ſweet Sherry, Tent, Madera, Liſbon, and Carcavella WINES.

Warranted GENUINE,

To be SOLD,

By EDMUND HEAD.

Who has alſo a Quantity of beſt MAHOGANY in Logs, and LOGWOOD, to diſpoſe of.

To be SOLD at public Outcry,

On FRIDAY *the 17th Day of* July *Inſtant,*

At the Subſcriber's Houſe, in *Old-Church-Street Continued,*

A Variety of genteel and uſeful Furniture,

PLATE and CHINA;

Two exceeding good ſorrel HORSES,

AND

A neat ſingle Horſe CHAISE.

JOHN LLOYD.

N B. The Sale will begin preciſely at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, and if not finiſhed before Dinner, the Remainder will be ſold on the Morning following.

RUN AWAY in APRIL *laſt,*

From Mr. JONAH COLLINS's *Plantation on* Santee, *in* ST. JAMES's *Pariſh,*

A ſenſible FELLOW named *Sandy.*

A Reward of TEN POUNDS, with all reaſonable Charges, will be paid to any Perſon that will deliver him to the Subſcriber in *Charles-Town*, or to Mr. JONAH COLLINS at *Santee*. Alſo, a further Reward of FIFTY POUNDS to any Perſon or Perſons, who will give Information of his being harboured by a white Perſon, and TWENTY POUNDS if by a Negroe, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

JOHN WOODBERRY.

JAMES WILSON,

At his Store and Wine Cellar on the Bay,

HAS FOR SALE,

London particular Madera WINE,

Six Years old—warranted Genuine.

London, New-York, & Carolina Madera,

Some FOUR Years old.

Red and white Port, Mountain, Sherry, Frontiniac } Wine. { Claret, Old Hock, and Liſbon,

Old Jamaica, Weſt India & Northward Rum;

Old Brandy—Gin in Caſes—Arrack;

And ſome excellent CHERRY BRANDY,

Made with the beſt Materials.

Caſk and Bottle London Porter;

Taunton-Ale, Briſtol Beer, and beſt Herefordſhire Cyder—Liquers of the very beſt Kind—and a few Caſes of Pickles, fit for private Families—Engliſh white Wine Vinegar, in Caſks and Jugs—a few firſt Double Glouceſter Cheeſe—Genuine Straſburgh Snuff, at One Dollar per Pound.—Empty Quart Bottles—and one, two, three, and four Gallon Stone Jugs; which he will ſell either WHOLESALE or RETAIL, on the loweſt Terms.

For LONDON,

(To ſail in ALL JULY)

THE SHIP

BETTY & JENNY,

Alexander Thomſon, *Maſter.*

HAS good Accommodations—For Freight or Paſſage, which may be had upon very reaſonable Terms, apply to

JOHN SIMPSON & Co.

BOOTH, Coach-Painter,

RETURNS his moſt grateful Acknowledgments to the Public in general, for the Favours he has received in that Branch, but not finding ſufficient Employment in it, he intends, for the future, to carry on the Buſineſs of

House-Painting, in Town and Country;

And, as he was Firſt bred to that Buſineſs, hopes he ſhall be able to give entire Satisfaction to thoſe who ſhall be pleaſed to employ him, as he will not truſt to Negroes (which is too common) to perform the finiſhing Part of the Buſineſs which he may be favoured with the Execution of.

N. B. Two ſmart Negro-Boys are wanted as Apprentices.

CLAUDIUS GUILLAUD,

BAKER,

Acquaints the PUBLIC in general and his former CUSTOMERS in particular,

THAT he has removed from *Union-Street* into *King-Street*, between *King-Street* and *Broad-Street*, nearly oppoſite to Mr. PETER VALTON's, where he intends to carry on the BAKING BUSINESS, and would be much obliged to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Commands.

N. B. It has been generally acknowledged by his Cuſtomers, that his Bread is better and ſweeter, than any other Baker's in the Province.

*** The Reaſon why he before left off Baking, was becauſe Houſe Rent was too high for him, and his Profits would not allow him to pay 250l. per Annum.

To be Lett or Sold at private Sale,

The FOLLOWING, belonging to the Eſtate of WILLIAM BAMPFEILD, *deceaſed,*

TWO TENEMENTS in St. *Michael's Alley*, each having Six good Rooms, beſides Garret Rooms, and a large dry Cellar.

A pleaſant SEAT in *Chriſt-Church* Pariſh, fronting *Rebellion-Road*, and in full View of the Town. The Houſe is almoſt new, and very commodious.

A LOT at the Weſt End of *Tradd-Street*, Sixty Feet in Front, and about Three Hundred and Seventy Feet deep, joining that of *Thomas Ferguſon*, Eſq; in as pleaſant a Situation as any in CHARLES-TOWN.

Alſo, TWO CANOES to be ſold very reaſonably; one of which is reckoned as good a one as any in Town, and was lately bought for 300l. The other is a ſmall one. Enquire of

REBECCA BAMPFIELD, *Executrix.*
JAMES LAURENS, *Executor.*

On Tueſday, *the 27th of* July, *Inſtant,*

Will be SOLD at public Vendue,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

ALL that Piece, or Part of a Town Lot of Land, ſituate on the North Side of the Lane leading from Old to New *Church-Street*, and butting and bounding Northwardly on the ſaid Lane Twenty-five Feet, to the Eaſtward on Land of *William Wyne* Forty-ſix Feet, to the Southward on Land of *Chriſtopher Fitzſimons* Twenty-five Feet, and to the Weſtward on ſaid *William Wyne*'s Land Fifty-two Feet. On the Premiſes are a new built Houſe, and other neceſſary Buildings, late the Property of JOSEPH WALKER, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Sheriff.*

A YOUNG MAN,

Of a good Character, would be glad of Employment in a Compting Houſe, for which he is as capable as any in the Province. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange.*

GEORGE-TOWN, *June 17th*, 1773.

TWO NEW NEGROES are taken up and ſent to this Goal, one ſays his Name is *Frank*, the other *King*. *Frank* is Five Feet ſeven Inches high, a well made young Fellow, his Country Marks on each Cheek and Breaſt, has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches, and a Blanket Jacket under. *King* is a young Fellow, of a yellow Complexion, Five Feet Eleven Inches and an Half high, has much the ſame Cloaths as *Frank*. They ſay they belong to Mr. SINCLAIR.

WILLIAM M'LAUGHLIN, *Gaoler.*

JOHN BENFIELD,

At his Store in Elliott-Street, *oppoſite* Gadſden's Alley,

HAS FOR SALE,

At the very loweſt Prices, for CASH *or ſhort Credit,*

Jamaica, Windward-Iſland, & Northward Rum,

WHOLESALE or RETALE;

Madera, Port, Vidonia, and other Wines,

By the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, Dozen, Gallon, or ſmaller Quantities.

Brandy, Cherry-Bounce, Vinegar,

And ſundry other LIQUORS.

Raiſins, Currants, Loaf & Muſcovado Sugars,

Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and almoſt every other Article that is ſold by Grocers in *England*,

Myrtle Wax & Tallow mould & dipt Candles;

Soap, Salt, *&c. &c.*

The above he will warrant to be as good in Quality as any in Town, therefore hopes the Continuance of his Friends Favours.

N. B. He has rented a Store in St. *Michael's Alley*, formerly occupied by JOHN HUME, Eſq; and lately by Mr. WILLIAM LAWRENCE, which has always been uſed (and is eſteemed as well calculated) for the WINE BUSINESS as any in Town; where he propoſes keeping a large Supply of WINES, *&c.* Any Orders left at the Store in ELLIOTT-STREET, for that and the other Articles in which he deals, will be punctually complied with, and gratefully acknowledged.

A Half Cheſt of extraordinary fine Green TEA, juſt opened, and to be ſold for 50ſ. per Pound, *Caſh.*

WANTED,

20 or 30 Cords of good red Oak Bark;

For which the Caſh will be given.—To be delivered in *Charles-Town*, or at any convenient Landing. Apply to

Simon & John Berwick.

To be SOLD, by Auction,

On TUESDAY, *the 20th of* July, *Inſtant,*

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

ONE Half of a Tract of Land on SAVANNAH-River, containing 500 Acres, butting and bounding to the South on the ſaid River, to the Eaſt on Part of the ſame Tract belonging to *Thomas Heyward*, Eſq; to the Weſt and North on Land not laid out, and to the North-weſt on Land of *Chriſtopher Gadſden*, Eſq.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

Four pleaſant LOTS of Land,

One adjoining the Hon. *Rawlins Lowndes*, Eſq; at the upper End of *Broad-Street*, containing 44 Feet Front, and 120 Feet deep; the other three on the Eaſt Side of *Mazyck-Street*, containing each 40 Feet Front, and 90 Feet deep. The Purchaſer may have Credit for any Term of Years, paying the annual Intereſt, and giving approved Security. The Plats of the whole may be ſeen by applying to *John Wagner*, *William Lee*, or the Proprietor on the Premiſes.

JEREMIAH THEUS.

For SALE by private Contract,

ONE ſettled Plantation in Saint *Bartholomew's* Pariſh.
Two Ditto in Prince *William's* Pariſh.
One Tract of Land at *Gooſe-Creek*, containing 500 Acres.
One Ditto in *Craven-County*, containing 900 Ditto.
One Ditto in *Woſſamſaw-Swamp*, containing 900 Ditto.
Three Ditto on *Santee* River, containing 950 Ditto.
One Ditto near *Hell-Hole Swamp*, containing 2095 Ditto.
One Ditto in *Boonſborough Townſhip*, containing 150 Ditto.
One Ditto on the North Side of *Black* River, in *Williamſburgh*, containining 800 Ditto.
Three Ditto, in Saint *Helena's* Pariſh, containing 2350 Ditto.
One valuable Tract of Tide Swamp, upon *Pedee*, about Fifteen Miles from *George Town*, containing 1100 Ditto.
Two Tracts upon *Black-River*, Sixteen Miles from *George-Town*, containing 2000 Ditto.
One Tract of Land, about Four Miles from *Port-Royal* Ferry, containing 1000 Ditto.
An extraordinary valuable Tract, about Twenty-three Miles from *Charles-Town*, on *Cooſaw* Swamp, containing 450 Ditto.
One Tract of Land in Prince *William's* Pariſh, well calculated for a Saw-Mill, containing 250 Ditto.
Two extraordinary valuable Tracts of Land, about one Half good for Rice, the other for Corn and Indico, upon *Salt-catcher*, about 58 Miles from Town, containing 900 Ditto.
Three valuable Tracts of Land in *Georgia*.

The Plats may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subſcriber at his OFFICE:—Where any Perſons deſirous to purchaſe PLANTATIONS or LANDS, *in any Part of this Province*, may at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated by JACOB VALK.

Who has alſo a valuable Lot of LAND for Sale, at the Weſt-End and North Side of *Tradd-Street*, Front 58 Feet, Depth 143 Feet or thereabouts.——And is in Want of *Small* and *Large* Sums of MONEY at Intereſt.

RUN AWAY the 28th of June *laſt,*

A tall ſtout NEGRO WOMAN,

Named SYLVIA, about 35 Years of Age, ſuppoſed to be harboured about *Chriſt-Church* Pariſh. Whoever delivers her to me in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have a Reward of TEN POUNDS.

ISAAC HUGER.

JOHN HUGH's of *Cheraw*, informs me of a black Cow, marked ☞ under Keel in each Ear, branded on the Buttock pS in one, with a yearling Calf unmarked.

Alſo, a Roan MARE about 13 Hands high, branded TA in one on the near Buttock, ☞ H on the mounting Shoulder, and hath a yearling Colt, the Owners muſt apply to

THOMAS HUTCHINSON, J. P.

June 29th, 1773.

I AM informed of a dark Bay MARE about 13 Hands high, 8 or 10 Years old, branded on the near Buttock 9, and on the Shoulder 8.

Alſo, a gray GELDING 6 Years old, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock R G, on the off Shoulder R, and on the Cheek 8. The Owners of the above Strays muſt prove their Property, before

JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1959.] MONDAY, JULY 5, 1773.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *T. POWELL* & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

We have taken the earlieſt opportunity of laying before our readers the following *atteſted copy* of Mr. *Wilkes*'s letter to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, as mentioned in our laſt.

To the Right Hon. Sir Fletcher Norton, Knight, Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

SIR, *Prince's Court, April* 20, 1773.

IN purſuance of your orders to the Sheriff of Middleſex on the 7th of this month to ſummon the repreſentatives of this county, I have received a letter from Richard Oliver Eſq; and Sir Watkin Lewes, requiring my "Attendance in the Houſe of Commons, on the 26th day of this inſtant April," with a declaration, "that the Houſe of Commons intends to proceed with the utmoſt ſeverity againſt ſuch of their members as ſhall then neglect to attend the ſervice of the Houſe."

The two gentlemen, Sir, as well as every man of ſenſe and principle in the kingdom, could not entertain a doubt, that the legal members for Middleſex were Mr. Glynn and myſelf, the perſons, who were choſen into Parliament by a majority of the freeholders. The ſummonſes in conſequence iſſued to us by their expreſs directions. The ſentiments, however, of the Houſe of Commons appear to me very different, and not leſs in direct oppoſition to every idea of juſtice than to the rights of the people. It is too evident they mean a continuation of their former injuries to the county of Middleſex, and the nation at large, by their ſtill ſuffering Mr. Luttrell to ſit in Parliament, the pretended repreſentative of freeholders, who voted againſt him. In this ſpirit of injuſtice they intended the ſummons ſhould iſſue to a gentleman, who has no pretence to a ſeat in the Houſe of Commons, but finds his uſurpation ſupported by their fraud and violence.

I have not been remiſs, Sir, on this occaſion in duty to my worthy conſtituents and to my country. I neglected no opportunity of demanding the ſeat, to which I was ſo honourably choſen, nor have I failed to proteſt frequently, both to the Parliament and nation, againſt this injuſtice done to the freeholders of the county of Middleſex, as being ſuffered to be repreſented only in part by Mr. Glynn, although with the higheſt reputation to himſelf, and the moſt eſſential benefit to the public. On the 27th of January, 1769, I demanded in perſon, at the bar of the Houſe of Commons, to be admitted and ſworn in, as one of the knights of the ſhire for the county. In a letter to you, Sir, as Speaker, on the 30th of March, 1771, I declared, "In the name of the freeholders of Middleſex, I again demand my ſeat in Parliament, having the honour of being freely choſen by a very great majority one of the repreſentatives for the ſaid county. I am ready to take the oaths preſcribed by law, and to give in my qualification as knight of the ſhire." I now to you, Sir, as Speaker, renew the ſame claim in the ſtrongeſt manner, for the injured people of England, and my conſtituents, the freeholders of the county of Middleſex. I will never ceaſe to ſupport with ſpirit the clear right I derive from them by all conſtitutional modes of redreſs, till every, the moſt minute trace of the late flagitious proceedings be utterly done away, and the guilt fully expiated.

The people, Sir, are anxious that the Houſe ſhould embrace the opportunity, which now naturally offers, of reviewing their conduct, of doing a neceſſary piece of juſtice by reſcinding that arbitrary reſolution of May 8th, 1769, which virtually repeals the *Great Charter* and the *Bill of Rights* in the important point of the freedom of election, "that Henry Lawes Luttrell, Eſq; is *duly elected* a knight of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex." While this reſolution remains in the Journals of the Houſe, I aſſert that the Houſe of Commons in the perſon of one man, illegally deprived of his ſeat in Parliament, have diſfranchiſed all the people of England, and in the perſon of another have aſſumed to themſelves the right of nominating to any county, city, or borough, in defiance of the legal electors. The right of election is in the people, which they hold abſolutely independent of the Houſe of Commons, who are only the guardians of that, and every other leſs ſacred right. The preſent majority have betrayed their truſt, and given up thoſe invaluable privileges, which they were choſen to defend and protect. Our anceſtors held the freedom of election ſubject only to the law of the land, to be of the eſſence, as well as the nobler part, of the franchiſe. Their poſterity have been robbed of this firſt, this diſtinguiſhing, and favourite honour of Engliſhmen by a venal Senate—hitherto with impunity.

It is ſcarcely poſſible to imagine a precedent more fatal to the free conſtitution of any ſtate, or more alarming to the members themſelves, who, indulging in ſupine eaſe and luxury, aimd the cries of the ſtarving poor, unfeeling as unrepenting, now glory in the rich ſpoils of this ignoble victory over their bleeding country, and perhaps their poſterity. I wiſh to awaken them by a ſenſe of their own danger, ſince they are deaf to the voice of truth and liberty. Should the reſolution I have mentioned not be reſcinded, the precedent is at hand to juſtify the future violence of any minion or Miniſter againſt themſelves, on the ſlighteſt act of diſobedience or neglect. It is not neceſſary to call in a jury of our countrymen to try the fact on oath. A complaiſant and corrupt majority may be induced, after a mock examination of two or three witneſſes not ſworn, to vote any man, obnoxious to a deſpotic Court or Miniſtry, guilty of a libel, even againſt a profligate Peer, to expel him the Houſe, and adopt in his room ſome forward ſlave of power, who will court and kiſs the baſe chains, forged by a tyrant, without any appeal having been made by the party pretending to be aggrieved by the libel, either to the laws of the land or of honour. Such a precedent is now on record, the moſt admired page in the thirty folio volumes of the Journals, and engraven on the cankered hearts of our modern Courtiers and Miniſters.

The reverence I have for Parliaments, Sir, has induced me to ſtate the miſchiefs, with which we are threatened, ſhould the reſolution not be reſcinded. By the ſervile and iniquitous conduct of the preſent Houſe of Commons, the regard of the people to that part of our conſtitution is viſibly weakened. The majority of the members are abhorred as the inſtruments of miniſterial tyranny, not revered as the protectors of the rights of the nation. They are become odious as well as criminal; for, from the meaneſt and moſt intereſted motives, they have totally ſubverted the conſtitution, and effected an abſolute diſſolution of that fair and equal ſyſtem of power, by which we have hitherto been, and alone can be legally governed. They have fallen into the loweſt ſtate of humiliation and contempt. If however they perſevere in the violation of our fundamental rights, if they continue actuated by the ſame ſpirit of uſurpation and lawleſs violence, one hope ſtill remains, the wiſdom and virtue of a future independent Parliament, which cannot fail ſoon to give vigour and ſucceſs to the honeſt efforts of all real patriots for the reſtoration of the conſtitution, and to pour juſt vengeance on their guilty predeceſſors.

I am, SIR, your moſt humble Servant,

JOHN WILKES.

Right Honourable Sir Fletcher Norton,
Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

On NATIONAL REFLECTIONS.

THE Scotch ſeem greatly diſpleaſed at what they call NATIONAL REFLACTIONS, but they may thank themſelves for it. For, if Scotchmen will diſtinguiſh themſelves by their attachment to bad men and bad meaſures, if they will deliberately murder Engliſhmen, if they will pervert the laws and bar every legal avenue to public juſtice, if our laurels, gathered in the field are by a Northern blaſt made to wither in the Cabinet, and alſo if the will diſturb the venerable aſhes of a Sidney or a Ruſſel, and prey, like the hyæna, even upon the dead for ſuſtenance, are they not deſerving of the ſevereſt cenſure?

But to ſhew that it has long been a cuſtom to caſt LOCAL reflections on thoſe who carry their enormities to an uncommon height, I ſhall mention the Carthaginians. They were a people remarkable for their perfidy even to a proverb; PUNICA FIDES (Carthaginian Faith) was conſtrued perfidy, they were deemed ſynonymous terms; and Punica Fides may with great propriety be conſtrued Scotch Faith. For hiſtorians record, that the Scotch (Judas like) betrayed and ſold their King; by which act of treachery he loſt his head: From whence it is obſerved, that every King (who has a head to loſe) will be careful how he truſts them for the future.

I ſhall likewiſe mention an authority from Scripture, for caſting local reflections, which cuſtom has prevailed even to the preſent time.

The inhabitants of the city of Sodom were addicted to a vice almoſt too horrid to be named, which is to this day pointed out by a local ſtigma, and the monſter, when detected, is from thence branded with the deteſtable appellation of a Sodomite. This clearly ſhews the long prevailing cuſtom of caſting local reflections. I do not from hence infer, that there is the leaſt analogy betwixt the inhabitants of Sodom and the Scotch, quite the reverſe; for the former were deſtroyed by fire and brimſtone, but it is well known that the Scotch have received great benefit from brimſtone, and every phyſician in their country will acknowlege its virtues. PAUL PINCH HARD.

A Quarterly Meeting of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be held on *Tueſday* the ſixth Day of *July* next, at the Houſe of Mrs. KATHARINE POINSETT, in *Charles Town*, where the Members are deſired to attend at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Society.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

ALL the Members of the CHARLES TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, are deſired to attend a GENERAL MEETING of the ſaid Society, on *Wedneſday*, the Seventh Day of JULY next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the LIBRARY-ROOM in *Union-Street*.

By Order of the Preſident,

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary.*

FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY.

THE Members of the FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY, are deſired to attend a Quarterly Meeting of the ſaid Society, on *Wedneſday* the Fourteenth of *July* next, at the Houſe of Mrs. KATHARINE POINSETT, in *Elliott-Street*, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Preſident,

JOHN MILLS, *Secretary.*

A few Pipes of fine *Vidonia* Wine;
Briſtol Beer, Cyder, and *Taunton* Ale in Bottles;
Crates of YELLOW WARE;
Butter-Pots, and blue and white Water-Juggs;
BOXES of ſhort PIPES;
And BLACK PEPPER in BALES;
To be SOLD,
By JOHN NEUFVILLE.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue,
At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
On TUESDAY *the 6th Day of* July *next,*
Preciſely at Twelve o'Clock,
A Parcel of young and very valuable Slaves,
AMONG WHOM ARE,
COMPLETE Waſhers, Ironers, Cooks, Houſe and Market Wenches, Porters, &c. belonging to the Eſtate of the late JAMES PHILLIPS, Eſquire.—Credit will be allowed till the Middle of *Auguſt* next, without paying Intereſt, on giving approved Security; as about that time the Subſcriber intends to leave the Province.

JAMES BENTHAM, *Adminiſtrator.*

Who has alſo to diſpoſe of, at private Sale, for *Caſh*, a ſober, honeſt, and induſtrious young FELLOW, well known to be as complete a Waiting-Man, Groom, Coachman, Gardener, &c. as any in the Province.

FOUND near the Governor's Gate,
A faſhionable HAT.

The Owner may have it again, on paying for advertiſing, and giving a Triſle to the Negro who found it.—Apply at the Printing-Office on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Comp.

Have imported in the Heart of Oak, *Capt.* Gunn,
A very large Value in Dry Goods;
Among which is a great Variety of the finer Sort.
THEY HAVE ALSO RECEIVED,
Part of their NEGRO-CLOTH,
And are to have the Remainder in the next Veſſels,
With a further Supply of Summer Goods.

MAY 4, 1773.

The above GOODS *are now opened,*
AND CONSIST OF
A large Aſſortment of printed Goods,
AMONG WHICH ARE,
SOME at 7*ſ.* 6*d.* the Yard, for Negroes Wear, with a Quantity of low priced Handkerchiefs, plain, ſtriped, and flowered Muſlins, *India* Chintz, ſtriped Carryderries, ſeerſuckers, Ginghams, and Linen Drapery of every Kind; a Variety of plain and flowered Modes, Sarſnets, Peelongs, and Satins, white and coloured Gauzes, Gauze, painted, and other faſhionable Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, and Trimmings, of all Sorts; a few very handſome dreſs Caps, Silver and Gold Threads, Purls and Spangles, Silk and Satin Petticoats, of all Colours, ſome of the very beſt; Thread, Cotton, and Silk Hoſe, ſome of each very large Sizes, and the Silk of the neweſt Faſhion; Broad Cloths, Caſſimirs and Sagathies; a Quantity of Bombazine, and all other Mourning Articles; ready made Drab and Faſhion Cloaths, and Slops.

About 250 Pieces of *India* and *French* Silks, viz. plain Gorgerooms, and figured Pariſſans for Mens Wear; plain, ſtriped, and painted Taffaties; Brocade; flowered, and painted Satins; painted Gauzes; 100 Pieces of *India* Silk Handkerchiefs, alſo a good Choice of plain and ſtriped *Engliſh* Silks.—The ſtriped *Engliſh* Silks will be ſold at 750 per Cent. Advance; the *India* and *French* Silks, (which were bought much under their Value) at 775 per Cent. and their Goods in general (except in ſmall Quantities) at 800 per Cent. Advance, for ready Money; a Quantity of fine Hats, ſome very faſhionable, and others with large Brims, that were ſent without Orders, and will be ſold very low; two very handſome *Wilton* Carpets, and Carpeting to cut; a freſh Supply of beſt Seine Twine; Bohea, Green, and Hyſon TEAS, of the fineſt Qualities, juſt opened.

JUNE 1, 1773.

To be SOLD,
On TUESDAY *the* 13*th of* July *next,*
At Twelve o'Clock, at the VENDUE-HOUSE,
A Plantation in *Gooſe-Creek* Pariſh,
Twenty Miles from Charles-Town *by Land or Water,*
CONTAINING Four Hundred and Fifteen Acres; bounded on the Southward and Eaſtward by Mr. *William Withers*'s Land, on the Weſtward by Mrs. *Elizabeth Smith*'s, and on the Northward by a bold navigable Creek, only Two Miles from *Cooper-River*.—There are on the ſaid Plantation a good Dwelling-Houſe of ſix Rooms, a large Piazza, and other neceſſary Buildings. It abounds with the beſt Pine and Fire-Wood; ſawing, and ſplitting Barrel Staves and Laths (which are known to be very profitable) may be followed to great Advantage, no better Situation for erecting a Brick-Yard, and is an excellent Place for raiſing Stock, having an extenſive Range. Part of the Purchaſe Money will be required on Delivery of the Titles, and for the Remainder, a reaſonable Credit will be given. HENRY GRAY.

In whoſe Hands the Plat and Grant may be ſeen.

On TUESDAY, *the* 13*th of* JULY,
Will be SOLD at public Vendue,
At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,
A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land in *Colleton-County*, containing Five Hundred and Ninety-three Acres, more or leſs, butting and bounding to the Eaſt and South on Mr. CROLL's Land, to the Weſt on Mr. DRAYTON's Land, and to the North on Mr. SULLIVANT's Land, at the Time of the original Grant thereof, the 2d Day of *September*, 1733, to Mrs. MARGARET MUSGRAVE, late the Property of EDWARD HEXT, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *Sheriff.*

JEWELLERY, &c.
On THURSDAY *the* 15*th of* July *next,*
Will be SOLD at public Vendue,
At the uſual Place in Charles-Town, *preciſely at* 12 *o'Clock,*
Nine real Diamond RINGS;
Neatly ſet in Gold, ſome of which are truly valuable.
And Three Gold WATCHES;
One of which has a Gold Hook, and proper Equipage for a Lady.
In the mean Time they are to be ſeen in our Hands,

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

To be SOLD by private Contract,
A valuable ISLAND,
Known by the Name of *Megget's* ISLAND;—Situate betwixt the Mouths of *Aſhepoo* and *Ponpon* Rivers; formerly the Property of Mr. RICHARD HUTSON. *Alſo,*
A ſmall Stock of good CATTLE:
Any Perſon deſirous of purchaſing, may apply to CHARLES DEWAR, in *Charles-Town*, or Mr. WILLIAM YOUNG, at *Orangeburgh*.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
COUNCIL CHAMBER, MAY 30, 1773.

WHEREAS His Majesty, by his Order in Council, dated at ST. JAMES's, the 7th Day of *April*, 1773, has been pleased to signify, That, having taken into his Royal Consideration, the Justice and Expediency of subjecting the Grantees of LANDS in his Colonies and Plantations in *America*, to other Conditions than those at present prescribed in the Instructions given to His Majesty's Governors in the said Plantations; and that the Authority for granting Lands, contained in the Commissions and Instructions given to his Majesty's said Governors, should be further regulated and restrained: And, that he had therefore been pleased to order, That the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, should take into their immediate Consideration, the Powers and Authorities contained in the said Commissions and Instructions, and represent unto His Majesty such Alterations as they shall think fit and necessary to be made therein. And, that it was his Royal Will and Pleasure, that in the mean Time, and until His Majesty's further Pleasure should be signified, that no Warrant of Survey for Land should issue, nor any Patent for Land pass, unless to such Commission or Non-Commission Officers or Soldiers, as are intitled to Grants for Lands, by Virtue of His Majesty's Royal Proclamation, dated the 7th Day of *October*, 1763: I do hereby give *Public Notice* thereof, to all whom it may concern.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,
JAMES SIMPSON.

Charles-Town, May 10th, 1773.

The Commissioners of the Streets in Charles-Town,
Give NOTICE,

THAT whereas many Persons pay no Regard to the Law now in Force, prescribing Regulations against laying Obstructions in the Streets, throwing Filth or Rubbish unless where directed, suffering Goats or Swine to run at large, &c. but act in direct Contradiction thereto, *They are resolved to put the said Law strictly in Execution*; And that none may pretend Ignorance, they have ordered the following Extracts to be published, which they request all Persons strictly to observe.

By Order of the Board,
PETER BOUNETHEAU, *Clerk.*

EXTRACTS from the Act of the General Assembly of this Province, entitled, "*An ACT to impower certain Commissioners therein mentioned, to keep clean, and in good Order and Repair, the Streets of* Charles-Town, *and for effecting other Regulations in the said Town.*"

VII. *And be it further Enacted, by the Authority aforesaid,* That if any Person do or shall hereafter lay any Firewood, Timber, Bricks, or other Materials for building, Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, Carriages, or other Matter or Thing whatsoever, in the said Streets, Lanes or Alleys, so as to obstruct, hinder or prevent the free and safe Passage of any Person or Persons with any Wheel-Carriage, or otherwise howsoever, (except such Persons who shall be building, or about to build or erect Houses or other Edifices fronting any of the said Streets, Lanes or Alleys, who shall have Leave from the said Commissioners, or a Majority of them, to lay the Materials for such Buildings close to the Place where such Building is intended to be erected, and who shall inclose such Materials with a proper Fence, to remain for so long a Time as the said Commissioners shall appoint, and no longer) then the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, shall have Power to remove the same, and such Person shall be subject and liable unto the Charge and Expence incident to such Removal, to be assessed by the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, and also to a Fine of TEN POUNDS current Money; and the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, may, and they are hereby required to cause the Sum so assessed, together with the said Fine of TEN POUNDS, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, or the Hand and Seal of any one of them, directed to any lawful Constable, to be levied on the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; which said Fine, or Recovery, shall be paid into the Hands of the Commissioners for the Time being, or any of them, and be applied towards sustaining and defraying the Expence of cleansing the said Streets, Lanes and Alleys, and other Places in the said Town as aforesaid.

VIII. *And be it further Enacted, by the Authority aforesaid,* That in Case any Person, whosoever, shall hereafter cast or throw any Filth or Rubbish on any of the Wharfs, or in any Street, Lane or Alley, or other Parts of the said Town (except in such Place or Places as the said Commissioners, or a Majority of them, shall appoint for the Reception thereof as aforesaid) that then it shall and may be lawful to or for any one or more of the said Commissioners, or any Justice of the Peace, upon his or their own View, or upon Information made thereof before him or them, on Oath, (which Oath any one or more of the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to administer) to order and direct the said Scavenger or Scavengers to remove the same, at the Charge and Expence of such Person offending, or of the Owner, in Case the Offence be committed by a Servant or Slave, to be assessed by the said Commissioners, or any one or more of them, or Justice; and the Person offending, or Owner of such Servant or Slave, as the Case may be, is hereby moreover subjected, and made liable, under a Fine of FORTY SHILLINGS current Money, for every such Offence; the said Sum so assessed and levied, and the said Fine to be levied and applied, in the Mode and Form herein before directed.

XV. ——— And the said Scavenger or Scavengers for the Time being, on the Pain of forfeiting all his or their Wages, is and are hereby required and directed, to kill and destroy all Goats and Swine that shall be found at large about the said Town, and to deliver the same to the Warden of the Work-house for the Use of the Poor of the said Town: And any White Person is hereby authorized and empowered to do the same.

Strayed from *Silver-Bluff*, on *Savannah* River,
In DECEMBER last,
Two HORSES, *viz.*

A grey, with black Mane and Tail, 14 Hands high, branded in several Places WL, paces, trotts, and canters.——And a sorrel, 13 Hands and an Half high, branded ER, trotts and canters.—A Reward of *One Guinea* for each, and all reasonable Charges will be paid, on Delivery of them to Mr. WILLIAM MITCHELL, at *Orangeburgh*, Mr. JOSEPH SLANN, on *Slann's* Island, or to the Subscriber.

March, 18 1773. HENRY MOUZON, *jun.*

Charles-Town, June 15th, 1773.

I AM informed of a Bay HORSE, between Five and Six Years old, with a dark Mane and Tail, some white on his off hind Foot, a Saddle Mark on his right Side, and branded on the off Buttock I-D, which strayed into the Pasture of Mrs. HYRNE on the *Dorchester* Road, near the Baptist-Meeting, on *Tuesday* the 8th Instant. The Owner of the said Stray may apply as above, and prove his Property, before

WELLINS CALCOTT, J. P.

The following ARTICLES
Are to be had on very reasonable Terms,
At the Subscribers STORE on the BAY,

SAIL Cloth, from No. 1 to 6; Casks of Nails of different Sizes; Boxes of short Pipes; an Assortment of Pier Glasses, some of them very elegant; A few Dozen of very handsome Mahogany Chairs; Cyder, *Bristol* Beer, and Hot-Well Water, in four Dozen Hampers; old *Jamaica* and Windward Island Rum; *Madera* and *Vidonia* Wine, in Pipes, Half and Quarter Pipes, or by the Dozen Bottles; Coffee in small Casks; Muscovado Sugar, and a few Dozens of old Hock.

Robert, John, & J. Smyth.

Charles-Town, June 25th, 1773.

PIAZZAS and several Alterations are ordered by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, to be made to their Houses in *Ansonborough*. The Particulars of which may be known by applying to either of the Subscribers. Any Person or Persons willing to undertake the same, are desired to deliver in their Proposals on or before the Eighth Day of next Month.

HENRY PERONNEAU.
JOHN NEUFVILLE.
THOMAS FARR, jun.
PAUL TOWNSEND.
WILLIAM SAVAGE.

Wanted immediately,
An Overseer for an Indico Plantation,

To whom good Wages will be given, if well recommended: None other need apply.—Enquire at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

Wanted immediately,

A Person qualified to superintend an Indico-Plantation in *East-Florida*, with about Thirty working Hands upon it: If his Character for Honesty and Diligence is properly attested, he will meet with much better Encouragement than is usually given, by applying, to

WILLIAM CARSS.

N. B. Any Person so qualified, and possessed of Ten or Twelve Negroes, may be admitted on Shares.

Charles-Town, June 22st, 1773.

THE Assessment on the taxable Inhabitants and others, who have Estates in the Parishes of St. *Philip* and St. *Michael*, CHARLES-TOWN, for the Maintenance of the Poor thereof, for one Year, being finished: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscriber will attend to receive the same, at the House of Mrs. CATHARINE POINSETT, in *Elliott-Street*, from Monday the 5th, to Saturday the 24th Day of *July* next, from the Hours of Two to Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

By Order of the Vestry,
PETER BOUNETHEAU, *Clerk.*

Charles-Town, June 23d, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons concerned, that the Bonds and Notes due GEORGE SOMMERS, Esq; are lodged in the Hands of the Subscriber, with positive Directions to sue all those who neglect to pay the Interest due thereon by the *First* Day of *August* next.

JOHN DART.

St. Augustine, East-Florida, June 7th, 1773.

ALL Persons having any Demands on the Estate of the late WILLIAM PAISLEY, deceased, are desired to send their Claims, properly attested, on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of *December* next, to

ROBERT PAYNE, *Administrator.*

Christ-Church Parish, May 20, 1773.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all Persons who are liable to work on the Public Roads in this Parish, That they shall return, upon Oath, an Account of all their Male Slaves, from the Age of 16 to 60 Years, to any one of the following Commissioners, on or before the *First Monday* in *August* next, else they will be sued, according to Law.

And, as the Commissioners can't think of a better Method than this Public Advertisement, to apprise those who are concerned, they are determined to have the Work properly done, and in equal Proportion, according to each Man's Abilities, they will therefore admit of no unreasonable Excuses, but shall fine all Defaulters, without Distinction, and for that Purpose, have given this timely Notice, that none may plead Ignorance.

All Persons are hereby strictly forbidden, from falling any Trees within 10 Feet of the Public Road, allowing the same to be 40 Feet wide, as they will answer for the same.

And further—As that very necessary Law, for keeping white Men on settled Plantations, is greatly abused and neglected, the Commissioners have given their Clerk particular Orders, to lodge Complaints against all Defaulters in this Way, after *Three* Months from this Date, as many Inconveniencies and Hardships have arisen to the neighbouring Inhabitants, from their Neglect in this Particular.

JOSEPH WIGFALL,
JONATHAN SCOTT,
LEVI DURAND,
JOSEPH MAYBANK,
ANDREW HIBBEN,
SIMS WHITE,
ARNOLDUS VANDERHORST,
ANDREW QUELCH,
GABRIEL CAPERS.
} *Commissioners.*

Run-away from the Subscriber,
A NEGRO MAN named BOB,

About Twenty-seven Years of Age, stout made, near Five Feet Nine Inches high, well known in Town and Country by the Name of HATFIELD's BOB; had on when he went away, a blue Sailor Jacket, a Pair of brown broad Cloth Breeches, coarse Shirt, and a Wool Hat; is supposed to be in Town, or at the Round O, where he has got Relations. Any Person who will apprehend said Negro, and deliver him to the Warden of the Work-House, shall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency, paid by JOSEPH WOODS.

CHARLES-TOWN, *June 12, 1773.*

THE Subscriber gives Notice to all Persons, not to trust his Wife, nor any other Person, on his Account, without a written Order from him, being determined not to pay any Debts that are contracted without his Consent.

JAMES BOUTITON.

To be SOLD by private Contract,
TOGETHER or SEPARATE,
Five convenient Tenements,

Belonging to the Estate of Mr. EDWARD DEMPSEY, deceased, situated in *Union-Street* and *Chambers's-Alley*; Four of them are now tenanted, and their Situations being so well adapted for Business, seldom any of them are unoccupied.—The Titles may be seen, and the Particulars known, by applying on the Bay, to THOMAS POWELL.

N. B. If more agreeable to the Purchasers, Two or Three Years Credit, on good Security, will be given for Two-Thirds of the Purchase-Money.

FOUND by a Negro, in December *last,*
A Silver Strainer and Ladle,

The Owner may have them restored, by describing them, giving a small Gratuity to the Finder, and paying for advertising. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

To be LET,
And may be entered upon immediately,

A Very airy Dwelling House, pleasantly situated in *Meeting-Street*, and is the next House to that wherein I live: It contains Two good Rooms below, and Two up Stairs, besides which, there are Two large Shed Rooms below.—The said House has every necessary Back Building belonging to the same, with a large Yard and Garden. Enquire of

ALEXANDER PERONNEAU.

RUN AWAY,
From the Subscriber's Plantation, near Ninety-Six,

On MONDAY the 28th Day of *December*, 1772,
A Country born Negro Man, named *Nero*,

Well made, about six Feet high, and Twenty-eight Years of Age, speaks good English;—he had on when he went away, a white Negro Cloth Coat, the Cuffs and Cape turned up with blue, white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches, and a new Felt Hat; He was formerly the Property of Mrs. *Webb*, at the *Congarees*.

Also, on the same Day,
A Mulatto or half Indian Man, named *Frank*,

Well made, about Nineteen or Twenty Years old, five Feet eight Inches high, strait limbed, speaks very good English, and may attempt to pass for a Freeman; he had on when he went away, a white Negro Cloth Coat, the Cuffs and Cape turned up with blue, white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches, and a new Felt Hat:—He formerly lived at my Cowpen, on *Still-Creek*, about Eighteen Miles below Mr. *George Galphin's*, near *Savannah-River*.—— A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS Currency each, will be paid on Delivery of either of the above-mentioned Slaves to LEY-ROY HAMMOND, Esq; at *Snow Hill*, near *Augusta*; Mr. GEORGE GALPHIN, at *Silver Bluff*; Mr. GEORGE ROBINSON, at the *Rosemary Branch*, to the Warden of the Work-House, in *Charles-Town*, or to the Subscriber:—And, a further Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS will be paid, if discovered to be harboured by a white Person, on Conviction of the Offender. ANDREW WILLIAMSON.

WHITEHALL, *March* 23, 1773.

The following Persons have informed me of the under-mentioned STRAYS, *viz.*

ADAM STALNEKAR, informs me of a small dark Bay GELDING, with a small Star in his Forehead, branded on each Buttock something like C 9.

LEONARD NOBLES, of a small Chesnut sorrel GELDING, about Nine Years old, with a Star and Snip in his Face, and much mixed with white Hairs, branded on the near Shoulder $\frac{+}{8}$, and on the Buttock I P.

JAMES BALUNTINE, of a small Chesnut sorrel MARE, with a small Bell on, and has a small Star in her Forehead, branded on the off Shoulder D S, with a Diamond a-top.

JOHN FREDERICK, of Two GELDINGS, one a grey, about Fifteen Hands high, and paces, branded on the near Buttock MB in one, with a Flower-de-Luce on Top, and on the Shoulder with a Flower-de-Luce.——The other a pacing dark Bay, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, $\frac{60}{}$ branded on the near Shoulder M, on the Buttock *H* in an Heart, and on the off Shoulder H in an Heart, with a small Star in his Forehead, and Snip on his Nose.

WILLIAM DANIEL, of a dark Bay MARE, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, with a shattering Bell on, and trotts, branded on the off Shoulder with a Flower-de-Luce in a Cypher; and on the near Shoulder and Buttock with blotched Brands.

FREDERICK WILLIAMS, of a small black GELDING, a Trotter, branded on the near Thigh 66.

WILLIAM DONAHOW, of one blue Roan GELDING, about Thirteen Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder and Thigh D in a Cypher, on the Cushion D, and on the off Shoulder $\frac{8}{}$.

WILLIAM CHANCY of one small bright Bay GELDING, branded on the near Shoulder thus E 3, on the Buttock W, with a small Bell on, and Star in his Forehead.

And WILLIAM STACK, of one small black GELDING, branded on the near Buttock with a Swivell Stirrup-Iron crossways, with a Star in his Face and Snip, a Trotter.

The Owner or Owners of the above Strays are required to prove their Properties within the Time prescribed by Law, before MOSES KIRKLAND, J. P.

Ninety-Six, May 24th, 1773.

JAMES OLIVER, informs me of a black pided COW and YEARLING, branded L and a Flower-de-Luce on Top, marked in her right Ear with a Crop, and something like a Figure of 7; in the left Ear with a Crop and Swallow-Fork. *May* 12, 1773.

Mr. BERNARD BINFORD, of *Goose-Creek*, of a small black HORSE, about Thirteen Hands high, and Ten Years old, with a Star in his Forehead, branded on the mounting Shoulder with an Heart, and on his mounting Buttock P and an Heart joining the Bottom Stroke of the P;—a Trotter. *May* 15.

WILLIAM ECKELLS, of *Wassamsaw*, of a brown Bay HORSE, about Thirteen Hands high, and Twelve Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder ER;—paces and trots.

Also, of a bright Bay MARE, about Twelve Hands and an Half high, and Five Years old, with black Mane and Tail, branded on the mounting Shoulder HD in one, and on the off Buttock $\frac{M}{}$; trotts. *May* 22, 1773.

The Owners of the above Strays, may prove their Property before JOHN WRIGHT, J. P.